THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 53.] NEW SERIES. BOMBAY: MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LOCAL DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WILL LIKELY TO CALL AT GIBRALTAR AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Steps.
1911				
Thu Jan.	SALSETTE	6290	KUTNA	10000
14th "	HIMALAYA	7321		
21st "	SALSETTE	6290	MOOLTAN	9231
28th "	CALEDONIA	7336		
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6290	KUTNA	7339
11th "	DELTA	6178		
18th "	SALSETTE	6290	KUTNA	10000
25th "	ARABIA	7322		
4th March	KALYAN	7322		
11th "	MALWA	7340		
18th "	SALSETTE	6290	MARMORA	10019
25th "	ARCADIA	7322		
1st April	PERSIA	7321		
1st April	MARMORA	10019		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7336		
15th "	SALSETTE	6290	MULTAN	9230
22nd "	KANTARA	10556		
29th "	SALSETTE	6290	KOSSEIR	9233
2nd May	ARABIA	7322		
13th "	SALSETTE	6290	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	EGYPT	7321		

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Bristol transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGERS STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 280	Rs. 448
To London	Rs. 300	Rs. 480

These rates include the Suez Canal.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation, and further Information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, BROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Badolina	4,580	Mazzanini	15th Jan. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,890	L. Manzini	15th Feb. 1911
D. Badolina	4,580	G. Maggazine	15th Mar. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 600 Single and Rs. 900 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 723; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RAILWAY TICKETS are issued at certain offices by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
[illegible]	6,000	G. Reisito	16th Jan. 1911
[illegible]	6,000	D. Morosini	16th Feb. 1911
[illegible]	6,000	G. Reisito	16th Mar. 1911

Fares: COLOMBO Rs. 75, 0; PENANG Rs. 140 to [illegible] SINGAPORE Rs. 168 and to HONGKONG Rs. [illegible]

Bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea [illegible] Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEBIOSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, AND BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.
GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lunga	2171	Mon.	2nd Jan.	11 a.m.	†P. & C.M.
Kasara	1195	Thurs.	5th Jan.	3 a.m.	via C. M.
Dwarka	1095	Fri.	6th Jan.	6 a.m.*	direct.

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara," 1195 tons, on Thursday, 5th Jan. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAVAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Goalpara," 2147 tons, on Monday, the 9th January, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Bahai, Lingh, Bahrain, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Basrah.

FOR COCOS PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

A steamer on or about the 14th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for Particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

31st December, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Australien	6,365	Morton	16th Jan. 1911.
Nera	5,533	Cessenes	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,149	Cipriorelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,635	Rebuffat	13th April 1911.
Polynesien	6,863	Bruno	11th May 1911.
Australien	6,365	Monion	8th June 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	6th July 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS will be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the American Lloyds or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Dumbea	5,635	Rennfat	27th Jan. 1911.
Armand Behic	5,835	Galanet	24th Feb. "

Further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Sheet Building, Hornby Road. Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in Saloon, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

NEW NATAL LINER.

Steamer "Umona" will be sailing for WEYMOUTH, about the 7th January next. Fares Rs. 375 to Rs. 420 according to accommodation.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Cleopatra	6716	O.P. Osborne	S.N.R. 16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	8103	Wm. Kelly	25th " "
Castalia	6368	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th March "
Olympia	6124	W. Robertson	26th " "
Circassia	6718	O.P. Osborne	S.N.R. 15th April "
Scindia	8106	Wm. Kelly	24th " "
Castalia	6368	J. Hamilton	7th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	12th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 412	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	882
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 658	998
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 630	955
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	917
Bombay to New York	" 809	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Artistes, Railway Engineers, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Ten pleasure trips.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every necessary.

All steamers have electric lights and fans in the saloon cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the payment of extra for overstaying their leave by reason of the non-arrival of the steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Through rates to Europe include a passage by the Company's steamers between Karachi and Bombay.

For further information regarding passage rates apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BOMBAY & PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO MARSEILLES OR GENOA.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Leave on or about.
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	8th March
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	23rd March
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	10th May
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	25th May
Homayun	3,363	T. L. Molony	18th July
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	27th July

Excellent accommodation for passengers. Fitted throughout with Electric Light, and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Fares Rs. 450 and Rs. 400 according to position of Cabin. For further particulars apply to

M. M. SHIRAZEE,
Agent,
No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort.

11 Gold Medals awarded.

Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. Hall Gallie, M.A., F. Sc., F.C.S.

The Inspection of our Works is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Java (Batavia, Samarang and Soerabaya)	Manila
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Com
Calcutta	Singapore	Hankow
Madras	Kwala Lumpur (F. M. S.)	Peking
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States)	Shanghai
Amherst	Seremban (F. M. States)	Tientsin
Penang	Bangkok	Hankow
Penang	Batavia	Yokohama
Rangoon (Kemp P. M. S.)	Soerabaya	Kobe
	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and transact general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the lowest Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period as rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 1 P.M.

POST BOX No. 54.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 225,000

HEAD OFFICE:
60, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch BOWBAR (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, BANGKOK, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... " 16,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Chinkiang	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Port Arthur (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Kuchang	Tientsin
London	Tsuruga
Lyons	Tokyo
Mukden (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS [illegible]

Bombay Agency, Fort, Bombay.

FASHION AND BEAUTY IN JEWELRY

is to be found in design and colour irrespective of mere cost.

Jewelry has long ceased to be a symbol of wealth; it is now recognised by even the most modest followers of fashion as a necessity, and a necessity which must synchronise with the progress of fashion in dress. For the fashionably dressed it is indispensible to be fashionably Jewelled.

The DISTINCTIVE FEATURE in the JEWELRY of this season is the [illegible] PENDANT or the

JEWELLED PLAQUE

which [illegible] new demi-saison Necklet [illegible] which is made up in [illegible] gold or platinum set in [illegible] Diamonds, this [illegible] a very [illegible] combination of [illegible] which [illegible] a design, [illegible] Emeralds [illegible] or [illegible] set [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] effects [illegible] platinum [illegible] work in bars [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] touched [illegible] gems.

The UNEXCHANGEABLE idea of some of these PLAQUES mounted with Diamonds, is that they are made with four coloured [illegible] which can be attached to the back of the ornament and can be exchanged very easily at the choice of the wearer. These are now largely in use for they begin at a moderate price and are so new and so charming that they are irresistible. Irresistible to every lady of fashion who rejoices in the possession of new trinkets, no matter how well stocked her jewel case may be.

For the LATEST DESIGNS and the UP-TO-DATE JEWELRY inspect the UNPARALLELLED STOCK at

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following Dried Dessert Nuts, namely, WALNUTS, ALMONDS HAZELNUTS and CHESTNUTS.

'XMAS 1910.

Just unpacked from HIGH CLASS FIRMS :—

MALAGA RAISINS,	(Extra choice) in 5½ lbs. box.
Do.	(Extra) in 5½ lbs. box.
Do.	(Extra) in 4½ lbs. box.
Do.	(Ordinary choice) in 5½ lbs. box.

SPANISH IMPERIAL FIGS in 1-lb. tin.
FRESH SPANISH GRAPES in barrels at Rs. 1 per lb.
NAPLES FIGS in 2 lbs. cartons.
FRENCH [illegible] in Syrup, Assorted Extra in Bottle.

Gruyere, Parmesan Gorgonzola Cheddar loaf, Dutch Cream Balls in tin foil and other various Cheeses. Macaroni, Vermicelli and Soup Pastes of various shapes and designs. Pure Olive Oil (genuine). Italian Wine Vinegar. Ham and Bacon and Sausages.

One CLARET (Grignolino) WINE the genuine in great demand, Rs. 11 per doz. bots.

Favourable Term for THE SEASON only (to Cash purchasers only) a disc of 10 per cent. for sum exceeding over Rs. 12.

'XMAS, 1910.

Orders for CAKES, XMAS BOXES, etc.,

NOW REGISTERED AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25, 27 & 29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

SEND FOR XMAS LIST, NOW READY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

[illegible] remarkable compound is the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, and [illegible] unequalled in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, [illegible] or [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

WE HAVE AUTHORISED Mr. R. COMBER to SIGN the name of our FIRM as from this date.

SHAW, WALLACE AND CO.

1st January 1911.

COTTON PIECE-GOODS.
COMMISSION AGENTS WANTED.

A FIRM of MANUFACTURERS and SHIPPERS at Manchester (England), want a substantial PARSEE FIRM, to act as AGENTS, on Commission, in Bombay, for Indent Business in Printed Cotton Piece-Goods, Dyed and Colored Woven Cotton Piece-Goods. Applicants must have good connection among Native Buyers of these classes of goods. State full particulars and give references if possible in England. Address "K 15," c/o W. H. SMITH & SON, Advertising Agents, Blackfriars St. Manchester, ENGLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between us the Undersigned HERBERT RUFUS GREAVES and SEPTIMUS EDWIN GREAVES, carrying on business at Bombay and Calcutta, under the style or firm of GREAVES, COTTON and Co., at Manchester, under the style or firm of James Greaves and Co., and at Broach and Palej under the style or firm of the Palej Lal Gin and Press Company, has been DISSOLVED, as from the 31st day of December, 1910 : so far as concerns the said Septimus Edwin Greaves, who retires from the said Firm ALL debts due to and owing by the said late Firm will be received and paid by the said Herbert Rufus Greaves who will continue to carry on business under the style aforesaid.—Dated this 31st day of December, 1910.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.

CENSUS.

NOTICE.

ABOUT ONE THOUSAND WRITERS, knowing English are required to work as enumerators during the coming Census, for a period varying from 6 days to a month, at Rs. 25 per mensem.

Applications should be made to the Undersigned, at the Municipal Office or to the undermentioned Deputy Health Officers of the several Wards, in which the applicants reside on or before 1st February 1911.

The Dy. Health Officer, A Ward—No. 24 Elphinstone Circle next to Messrs. Kemp and Co's. Shop.
B Ward—No. 8, Ripon Road,
C Ward—Opposite North Brook Gardens,
D Ward—Kandewadi, Girgaum.
E Ward—Badhwala's Dharamsala, on Foras Road.
F Ward } Elphinstone Road, near the G. I. P. Rail-
G Ward } way Parel Station.

J. A. TURNER,
Executive Health Officer.

15th December, 1910.

LA MARTINIERE COLLEGE,
LUCKNOW.
WILL RE-OPEN
ON THE 7TH JANUARY.

New boys will join on 15th or 16th January.

For Prospectus apply to
THE SECRETARY,
LA MARTINIERE COLLEGE,
LUCKNOW.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 733 of 1909.

MATHURDAS RAWJI, a Firm.....Plaintiff.
vs.
1. JAVERVAHOO, widow of DAYAL KHIMJI.....
2. VALLABHDAS TULSIDAS.....
3. VITHALDAS NARANDAS, the Executors of the last Will and testament of DAYAL KHIMJI, deceased, and
4. TULSIDAS LUXMIDAS.....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the decree absolute made in the above Suit, and bearing date the 12th day of April, 1910, the following immovable properties will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION in two lots, by the Commissioner of this Honorable Court, at his office in the Court House, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of January, 1911, at the hour of 4 o'clock, in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the plaintiffs and the defendants abovenamed, in Lot No. 1.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate in Manoogas Koopji Lane, also called Mody Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement forty-four square yards or thereabouts Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors' Old No. 7011, New No. 6923, Old survey No. 1311, New Survey No. 8522, and Assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward A No. 2015, Street No. 251, 53, and bounded as follows:—On the North by the said Manordas Koopji Lane, on the South by the house of Hargovan Jiwan, on the East partly by the house of Kanchordas Meghji, and partly by the house of Khimji Lakhmidas, and on the West by the house of the said Hargovan Jiwan.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house thereon situate in Rampart Row, now called Mint Road, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and seven square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on the East by the said Rampart Row, on the West by the property of the said Khimji Lakhmidas, herein firstly described, on the South by the property of Ranchord Meghji, and on the North by the said Manordas Koopji Lane, and which premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors' Old No. 730, Collectors' New No. 6,943, Old Survery No. 1275, 1,339 and New Survey No. 8,522, and Assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes, under A Ward No. 1,985, street No. 144.

Lot No. II.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement one thousand and eighty-three square yards or thereabouts, with the Bungiow or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Banganga Row Walkeshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and Assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward D. No. 2936, and Street Nos. 8, 10, 12, and bounded as follows:—On the East by the said Walkeshwar or Malabar Hill Road, on the West partly by a public passage and partly by a Dharamsala of Jairaj Mukunji on the North partly by the Dharamsalla of Jairaj Mukunji, and partly by the Dharamsalla of Mochee Caste, on the South by the Dharamsalla of Mochee (shoe-makers) community.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MULLA & MULLA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 29th day of November, 1910.

J. E. MODI,
Commissioner.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH STEAM SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

HILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE KING-EMPEROR'S CORONATION IN LONDON 1911.

IN RESPONSE to numerous requests Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON beg to announce that they propose to despatch a personally conducted party of Indian Ladies and Gentlemen to Europe, visiting Paris, London, and the most interesting Cities of England, Ireland and Scotland.

The party will be accompanied by an English gentleman throughout and will leave Bombay per P. and O. Steamer "ARABIA," May 6th, and will return by P. and O. Steamer due to arrive Bombay, July 14th.

Fare for each person (including ALL expenses).
1st class throughout .....Rs. 2,500
2nd class on P. and O. Steamer otherwise 1st class .....Rs. 2,200

For further information apply to
THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon and Colombo.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co. beg to announce that they have THIS DAY ADMITTED to PARTNERSHIP MR. WILLIAM ALBAN HAIG-BROWN, who has for many years been associated with their firm.

Bombay, 1st January, 1911.

FOR SALE.

THE CONCERN of the AKOLA NATIVE COTTON G. P. AND SPINNING Co., Ltd. Akola (Berar), consisting of sixty Gins, Two Cotton Presses, Two preparations of Spinning with 6448 spindles, 126 Looms (with entire preparatory machinery) will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, on 22nd January, 1911, at Akola.

One preparation of Spinning and 126 Looms were erected in 1907.

The site is 7 acres 29 guntlias, most favourably situated in the heart of the town, near the cotton market, and pays to the Government an annual rent of Rs. 342-3-0. The mill is working in all its departments and will be sold while working.

For further particulars apply to
K. E. DAMLE,
Chairman.
Board of Liquidators.

Akola, 30th December, 1910.

BOMBAY FOURTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 7TH JANUARY, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M. on MONDAY, 2nd January, 1911.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Byculla, 28th December, 1910.

XMAS
REDUCTION SALE,
An Unique Opportunity of Buying
XMAS PRESENTS.
GENUINE REDUCTIONS THROUGHOUT.
CHOICE
AND CHEAPNESS GUARANTEED.
Fresh Goods Just Unpacked.
An early visit Solicited to Save disappointment.

P. MEHTA & CO.,
JEWELLERS,
109, Medow Street.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 135 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 8 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	ZLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

HUSCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT,
GRAND NEW YEAR ATTRACTION.
OUR STAR FILM,
"AN EPISODE OF 1812."

We are shown a thrilling incident in the life of Napoleon showing how he rewarded bravery. A dramatic and pathetic picture which will interest all. Also our New Year Programme full of new and novel, dramatic and comic films.

TO-NIGHT !
LAST NIGHT OF
THE GREAT ITALA FILM,
"THE VESTAL."
GRAND
NEW YEAR ATTRACTION.
TO-NIGHT,
MONDAY, January 2nd, 1911.
GRAND PRIZE SHOW,
7 to 8 P. M.
ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER WATCHES to be given away.

SKATING RINK

MONDAY, 2ND JANUARY,
A GRAND PARADE OF BOMBAY SKATERS
from 9 to 11 A.M.,
When the Rink Band will be in Attendance.
At 6 o'clock in the evening at 9-30 at night there will be GENERAL SKATING with the Band in Attendance.
TUESDAY, JANUARY 3rd, The Usual Sessions
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4TH, the Usual Sessions, and at 9-30 evening, SPORTS on SKATES will be held for PRIZES.
THURSDAY to SATURDAY, AS USUAL.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
Sole Agents for
"GOLF" Brand
PILSENER BEER,
The Lightest Beeverage Obtainable
Retail from
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
Messrs. DENISON & CO.,
HUMMUM ST., FORT.

THE NEW "REVLUO" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUO "FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the soms of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Price of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 2-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
MATHERAN.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
Separate Billiard Saloon & Restaurant on the Premises.

THIS commodious hotel contains 25 bedrooms with TILED flooring, each 14 × 15 feet, with a front verandah 12 feet wide. Every bed-room has its own bath-room and dressing room with tiled flooring. The hotel consists of several detached Bungalows suitable for families. It is situated in a large shady compound, commanding a beautiful westerly view. A separate Bungalow, known as the "Wilderness," is specially fitted up for Princes and Nabobs. Please apply for—
Terms for Board and Lodging, &c., to E. K. KHAN.

BANK OF BOMBAY,
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS, PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

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ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. R. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

MILK-BUTTER-CREAM.—Can be supplied fresh daily ; up-country orders for Butter supplied in tins. Rates moderate on application to PARISIAN DAIRY Co., 1, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 3 and Re. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, &c.—The only Firm where you can get anything and everything for Motor Cars at very LOW PRICES, is THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

WONDERFUL Discovery—Specific for Hydrocele, Varicocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis and Dropsy. Guaranteed to cure any nature and standing radically by using externally. Rs. 2-8 or.—B. GHOSE & Co., Chemists, 85/1, Beadon Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Re. 1. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 11-16d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work; Binding, Stationery, etc.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Re. 4 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, Rs. 2 annas 8 annas each up to 12 months old ; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

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NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
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THERAPION No. 1
In remarkable cases of impotence, often a few days only. Cures disclosing the worst cases of long standing injections
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Cures blood poisoning, old leg ulcers, sores, pains, swelled joints, &c., after mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigour and vital force. Either Number, Therapion & Pills of great assistance in bad cases of gonorrhœa or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Only New Drugs (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, sets to take 1 safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
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CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. References kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. MACKENZIE, Marine Lines, Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Newera Eliya.	
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)	
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,	
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,	
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,	
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,	
Cawnpore			

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.
Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay,	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta,	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton,	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE
BANK OF INDIA, LD.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart. (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. B. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Hoorjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Harnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon ; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, KAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

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COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 55 BALES DAMAGED COTTON.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 3rd January, 1911, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Victoria Bunder, Colaba, near Messrs. Gaddum's Jetties, on account of the concerned. 55 bales damaged Scinde cotton.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 2nd January, 1911.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 2nd January, 1911 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as sofas, easy chairs, almirahs, cupboard, chest-of-drawers, writing, dressing and washband tables, iron safes, square and cottage pianos, 1 organ of 10 stops, 1 cottage pianoby Soundy and Co.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 light rubber-tyred victoria.
1 light rubber-tyred shigram.
1 light ruber-tyred brougham.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 2nd January, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 8th January, 1911, at 2 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Temperley Lodge," Pali Hill, Bandra, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best pistedware, large sliding, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, large mirror back sideboard, and dumbwaiters, table, hanging, and hall lamps, glass door almyrahs, writing table with drawers, Jost fans, easy chairs, marble top wash-hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, mirror door single and double almyrahs, cloth and gownpresses, tea-poys, brass and iron bedsteads, Singapore cane furniture, Ice box, aluminium utensils, rich carpets, &c., &c., the property of C. de C. Hughes, Esqr.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 2nd January, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

BONAFIDE SALE.

Sale on SUNDAY, 8th January, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.).

On SUNDAY the 8th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Red Bungalow, opposite the Morarjee Mills, on Sopari Bang Road, Parel, valuable and handsome teakwood, blackwood and Mahogany furniture, made to order, by Brevlaur and others, such as dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror sideboard and dumbwaiter, new designed drawingroom suits lined flower plush, drawing-room cabinets, single and double door mirror almirah and cupboards, flower vases, table ornaments, jardiniers, rich oil paintings, marble topped dressing, washand and octagon tables with tiles, fancy teapoys, mirror chest of drawers, teakwood and iron bedsteads, Hinks and Ditmar's table, hanging and hall lamps, fancy ladies' writing tables, American roll top office desk, revolving book case, chairs, glassdoor book-cases, verandah benches, rich glass, crockery and plated ware, persian Carpets, copper utensils, etc., etc., the property of W. Winward, Esq., of the Jacob Sassoon Mills, proceeding home.

Catalogues will be publish and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

IMPORTANT TO PUBLIC MEN, SCHOLARS, BOOK-LOVERS, LIBRARIES, COLLEGES, SCHOOLS, etc.

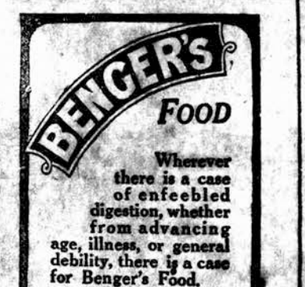
BONAFIDE AUCTION SALE of a Valuable Consignment of Books in all Branches of Literature, Science, History and Fiction, Presentation Books, etc.

On THURSDAY, the 19th and SATURDAY, the 21st Instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. J. S. Mody and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, to highest bidders, a valuable consignment of books, comprising all the various departments of learning, as literature, history, science, fiction, biography, philosophy, a large collection of works on Indian and Oriental subjects, most important for public men, etc., dictionaries and works of reference, handsome table books, and books suitable for presentation. All the books are new as published and several of them rarely obtainable. Most of them are rich illustrated library editions and series. This is the first time a collection of such magnitude will be sold in Bombay.

Catalogues will be ready on the 4th Instant, and the books will be on view from the 9th Instant. Local offers for any of the numbers will be received at the Auctioneers' Offices, upto the date of the sale. Up-country offers communicated by letter or telegram will be duly attended to.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 2nd January, 1911.



Wherever there is a case of enfeebled digestion, whether from advancing age, illness, or general debility, there is a case for Benger's Food.

When the stomach becomes weakened, the digestion of ordinary food becomes only partial, and at times is painful, little of the food is assimilated, and the body is consequently insufficiently nourished.

This is where Benger's Food helps. It contains in itself the natural digestive principles, and is quite different from any other food obtainable.

All doctors know and approve of its composition, and prescribe it freely.

For INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED.

The "British Medical Journal" says: "Benger's Food has, *by its excellence*, established a reputation of its own."

BENGER'S NEW BOOKLET deals with the most common doubts and difficulties which mothers have to encounter. It is sent post free on application to Benger's Food, Ltd., Otter Works, Manchester, England.

Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE, in 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., 4, Ullery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

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Agents :—H. TREACHER & Co.,
Bombay & Poona.

INSURANCES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.
(2). A LIBERAL SUR

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, December 30.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	78 3-8 unchgd
per cent. Rents	97 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. India Stock (Sterling Loan)	84 3-4 unchgd
1-2 per cent. Got. Securities	82 7-8+3-16
Bar Silver in London	25 1-16+1-16
Do. 2 month hence	25 5-16+1-16
Closing Tone of Silver—Chiu buying.	
Silver in New York	54 1-8+1-4
Exchange on London at Pas Fco	25-27+1-32
Do. Berlin	20-42—1-32
Do. New Ytk	4-85—1-8
Discount Bank of England lte 4 1-2 p.c. since 1-12-10	
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight	3 1-2 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	3 3-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months	4 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans	2 3-4+1-8
Do. of day market loan	4 2-8+1-8
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77 9 1-8 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)	1-3-15 1-2

Mails.—The Bombay Mails of 27th instant, arrived at Brindisi on 28th instant afternoon.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	40,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£	150,000
Coins to Bombay	£	127,500
Silver to Shanghai	£	35,000

MANCHESTER, December 30.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots	Fair demand, steady.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	Quiet.
Manchester	Good demand, at firm rates.
Sales of East Indian	100
Total Sales	10,000
Sold on speculation and for Export	500
Imports	31,000
Mid. Americans	8-07—3
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown	11 1-16 unchgd

	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M
Cotton Delivery	7·10	7·89	7·—
	+ 1	+ 1	1
Mid. Uplands	M.-A.	A.-M.	J.-J
	7·91	7·91	7·92
G. O. C.	+ 1	+ 1	+ 2
	J.-A.	A.-S.	
Liverpool	7·93	7·87	7·87
	+ 2	+ 1	+ 2

YARN,

40s Banner Mill	2 1-2
George Mayalls Twist	2 1-8

Liverpool Market closed until Tuesday.

NEW YORK, December 30.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

		bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	...	48,000
Do Last year	...	24,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	...	23,000
Do. Exports to Continent	...	5,000
Spot Cotton—		14·95+5
Futures at New York		Advanced on firm southern spot market and improved demand and declined partially under realizing.
Jan. 14·61+8		
Do at New York		
May 15·11+3		

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton	...	14 7-8+1-16
Futures—Month of Jan.	...	14-34+ 9
Do. do. May	...	15-31+ 7

Closing Tone of Futures—Steady and Monday.

	Bales.
Cotton Stock in London	
Week's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	...315,000
Do Exports to Great Britain	...123,000
Do Exports to Continent	...126,000

New York and New Orleans Market closed on Saturday and Monday.

LONDON, December 30.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi	...	38 3-4
Do Months—Jan.-Feb.		
Do Name of Ports—London.		
Do Whether Sellers, &c.—Sellers.		
Tone of Wheat—Quieter.		

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Wheat Rosario	...	33 3-4
Do Months—Jan.-Feb.		
Do Name of Ports—Sellers. Firmer.		

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat South Australian	...	33
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.		
Do. Name of Ports—London-Sellers.		

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 415 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship,	... 47
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Seller etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship	... 46
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship	... 40
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone of Rapeseed.—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship	... 67
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Seller, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed.—Easier.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata—	... 62 5-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.	
India double bags	12 3-4
Months of Shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers—Steady	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 5 6 3-4—Done—Steady.

ARRIVAL.

"Trafford Hall," "Umsinga".

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Friday, 30th December, 1910 :—

Wheat	...	15,558 cwts
Linseed	...	462 "
Rapeseed	...	625 "
Gingellyseed	...	24,401 "
Poppyseed	...	5 "
Groundnuts	...	14,432 "
Castorseed	...	5,724 "
Rice	...	4,826 "
Myrabolams	...	6,223 "
Cottonseed	...	9,475 "
Mowrasee	...	... "
Gram	...	1,653 "
Jowar	...	1,071 "
Maize	...	37 "

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 30th December, 1910 :—

Khandeish	...	2,417 Bales
Central India	...	203 "
Barsi and Nagur	...	524 "
Berar	...	1,306 "
Central Provinces	...	22 "
Oomras	...	4,321 "
Dholleras	...	1,569 "
Broach	...	... "
Coompta and Dharwar	...	206 "
Westerns	...	... "
Bengal N. W. P.	...	2,302 "
Bengals Rajputana	...	... "
Rajputana	...	523 "
Sind	...	743 "
Persia	...	18 "
American	...	... "
Egyptian	...	... "
Other sorts	...	... "
Total		10,320

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Friday, December 30.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs.	Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
7 Boxes ...	4,80,000	.....	.....
1 Bundle ...	.....	15	.....
4 Bundles ...	.....	210	.....

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions Rs.	Coin. Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
1 Bundle ...	.....	400	.....
4 Bundles ...	.....	7,390	.....
Importers.		Vessel,	From
Chartered Bank of India & China	...	Delhi	London
M Mackenzie & Co	...	Lhasa	Dwarka
Sundry Importers	...	Kasara	Linga

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 29th December, 1910.

By		Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	...	66	76,865
B. B. & C. I. Railway	...	54	65,139

BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

The net profit of the Bank of India, Limited, for the year ending 31st December 1910, including the sum of Rs. 1,76,486-6-5 brought forward, amounts to Rs. 5,65,159-14-8. An interim dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum was paid for the half year ended 30th June 1910 which absorbed Rs. 1,50,000/-. The Directors now propose to pay a final dividend for the half year ending 31st December 1910 at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, free of Income Tax which will amount to Rs. 1,50,000/-, to place Rs. 1,25,000—to Reserve Fund, increasing that Fund to Rs. 3,00,000, and to carry forward the balance of Rs. 131,659-14-8, after paying a bonus of a month's salary to the Staff of the Bank.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, DEC. 31.

The snowfall has been fairly general in Kashmir, and a few falls have occurred in Baluchistan. The conditions are still disturbed in the North-West frontier and have become disturbed in the extreme south of the Peninsula.

The forecast shows a scanty precipitation in Baluchistan and in the extreme south and a fairly general one in Kashmir.

SIMLA, JAN. 1.

A local precipitation has occurred in Baluchistan and the Western Himalayas and disturbed conditions are tending south eastwards, over Gujarat, Rajputana and the United Provinces. Elsewhere no rainfall is reported, except locally, in the extreme south.

The forecast shows a fairly general precipitation in Baluchistan and the Western Himalayas, with scattered rain in the extreme south and over the area to the North-west of the line joining Ahmedabad and Bareilly.

ROMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 31ST DECEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 31st December, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies have cleared in the extreme north, but remain lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity and day temperature are normal; night temperature is above the average everywhere.

The United Provinces.—Light or moderate cloud has appeared in the south-west, but skies remain clear elsewhere. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal except for an excess at Jhansi during day.

Sind and Rajputana.—Cloud has increased and skies are now heavily clouded in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded over the rest of the divison. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Temperature during day is above the average at Kotah; night temperature is also in slight excess in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Light cloud has appeared in Cutch, while skies continue clear in other districts. Humidity slightly above the average in several places. Temperature both during day and at night is in excess in West Central India.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the south only. The moisture in the air is nearly equal to the average. Day temperature is in excess at Saugor; night temperature is also higher than usual at most places.

The Konkan.—Light cloud persists. Humidity is normal or in slight excess. Temparature is equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in Hyderabad and the South Bombay Deccan. The air remains damper in several places. Day temperature is normal; night temperature continues in excess in the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Moderate to heavy cloud still prevails in upper Sind and the adjacent parts of the Punjab and Rajputana; the weather in north-west India is an unsettled condition. Skies have also become moderately to heavily clouded in the Peninsula, particularly on the south Coromandal Coast. Sea has been rough at Negapatam and moderate at Madras.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 2nd January.

I. Detail for the week ending 7th instant;

To-day Monday the 2nd Instant.—"G" Coy Recruits partde at 7-30 a.m. on the maidan.

II. All Recruits of the current season and Proficiency candidates will parade on the Oval at 6-30 p.m.

Wednesday the 4th Instant.—Commanding Officer's parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with caps.

Subject—Skirmishing Paras 45 to 57 and 76 to 85 Infantry Training 1905 (Reprinted with amendments 1908).

Thursday the 5th Instant.—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. and at 6-30 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

II. Proficiency Class will be held at Head Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

III.—Bugle Practice on the Maidan at 8-30 p.m.

Friday the 6th Instant.—The Battalion will parade for inspection by the Inspector General of Volunteers in India.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 7-30 a.m.

Dress—Drill Order Uniform Helmets.

2.—Musketry—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are available for Class firing for adults as under :—

Tuesday the 3rd Instant.—Parts I and II, Any Coy.

Wednesday the 4th Instant.—Standard Test, Any Company.

Thursday 5th Instant.—Parts I, and II D. Company.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT. COLONEL A. K. LESLIE V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 2nd January.

263. Inspections—The Inspector General of Volunteers in India will inspect Nos. 1 and 2 and E. E. Companies B. V. A. on Saturday 7th January, 1911.

Nos. 1 and 2 Companies—Parade at Apollo Bunder at 4-45 p.m. and proceed to Middle Ground for 1 inch Aiming Rifle Practice.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

E. E. Company—Parade at Apollo Bunder at 5-45 p.m. and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.

Dress—Khaki and Forage Caps.

264. Proficiency Class—A Proficiency Class will be formed to enable candidates to pass this examination at the B. V. A. Club Apollo Bunder on Thursday, 12th January, 1911 at 7 p.m. Intended candidates are requested to attend on this date and give their names to the Adjutant.

Lectures will be held at the Club on successive Thursdays for Inspections.

266. Musketry.—The Rifle Range of the 104th Wellesleys Rifles at Santa Cruz will be available for Spoon Competitions and practice on Sunday the 8th January 1911. Ranges 300, and 600 and 800 yards.

Train leaves Colaba 6-30 a.m., Church Gate 6-35 a.m. and Grant Road 6-46 a.m.

267. Duties.—Orderly Sergeants for the ensuing week. Sergeant A. A. Spilling No. 1 Company. Sergeant H. B. Graveston No. 2 Company.

E. T. LAMBART, Capt.,
Actg. Adjutant, B V. A.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 annas for each additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

PARRY—Dec 6, at Knole, Maidstone, to Capt F M Parry, Royal Army Medical Corps, a son.

MARRIAGES.

BROOKE—WATERHOUSE—Dec 10, at St Peter's Church, Bayswater, William de Leigh Brooke, late 3rd Dragoon Guards, son of Lieut-Col A Brooke, late 3rd Bombay Light Infantry, to Theresa Caroline Waterhouse, daughter of the late Jabez Edwin Waterhouse.

GUSH—BEESLEY—Dec 12, at St George's Church, Beckenham, Engineer-Lieut A Sydney Gush, R N, to Marie Constance, widow of the late Walter Beesley, M Inst C E.

ROWE—RABLING—Dec 7, Engineer-Lieut W Rowe, R N, to Annie Eveline, daughter of the late William Rabling, Esq.

SHARPE—RICKETTS—Dec 6, at St Peter's, Eaton Square, Alfred Gerald Meredith Sharpe to Beatrice Kathleen Alice, daughter of Sir Frederick and Lady Ricketts.

WAKELIN—ROWE—Dec 3, at St George's Church, Hanover Square, Arthur Brittan Wakelin, Army Service Corps, to May, daughter of Alfred Hambly Rowe.

WOOD—KNOLLYS—Dec 10, at the Parish Church, Weybridge, John Clairmont Wood to Evelyn May, daughter of the late Sir C Courtenay Knollys, K C M G.

DEATHS.

BROWNE—December 6, at 19 Roland Gardens, S W, General Sir James Frankort Manners Browne, colonel commandant, Royal Eng, K C B, aged 87.

GEIKIE—December 6, Roderick, son of Sir Archibald Geikie, aged 36.

KINGSCOTE—December 9, at 19 South Audley Street, Lord and Lady Emily, widow of Col Sir Nigel Kingscote, G C V O, K C B, aged 74.

LIVESAY—December 10, Walter Sidney Livesay, Captain, late 7th Batt., Royal Fusiliers, of 3 Collingham Place, South Kensington.

POONA.

DEATH.

KOLAPOREWALLA—December 31, at No. 321, Main Street, Poona, Dr. Jamshedjee F. Kolaporewalla, brother of Mr. N. F. Kanny and son-in-law of the late Mr. Hormasji Bhimjibhoy Bonesettler, aged 56. Deeply lamented by a large circle of relatives and friends.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

SCHMIDT—December 23, at Ootacamund, William Edwards Schmidt, aged 78.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Proclamation Parade, 8-30 a.m.

Cricket : Bombay Gymkhana vs. Combined Indian Team, 11 a.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, at Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8 p.m., 8-30 to 9-30 p.m. and 10 to 11 p.m. "The Vestal."

Skating Rink : Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies Session, 9 to 10 a. m. ; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m. ; 9-30 to 11 p. m.

Maxim : "Never break a promise, desert a friend, or forget a service."—H. Rider Haggard.

PARSI CHARITY.—The third day (Oothamna) ceremony of Dr. Cowasjee Nowrojee Mehta, G.G.M.C., J. P., who died on the 28th December, was performed at his residence in Parel, when amounts aggregating Rs. 1,850 were given away by his relations for charitable purposes.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Mombasa, Ibo, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Quilimane and L. Marques per extra s.s. "Sultan" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-morrow, Tuesday, the 3rd January. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Delhi" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12-30 p.m., on Wednesday the 4th January. Parcel mail for China closes at the New G. P. O. at 11-30 a.m. the same day.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—At the Morgue on Saturday, Acting Coroner, Mr. E. T. Lambert, held an inquest, touching the death of Ratna Karson, a labourer. The deceased, while under the influence of liquor, was walking along Tardeo Road when he was knocked down by a carriage and injured. He was removed to Sir J. J. Hospital where he died on Friday evening. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.—Mr. Lambert then held an inquest on the body of Abdul Karim Mahomed, a Mahomedan, aged about 25. It appeared that the deceased lost his mother four months ago and took it to heart. He, therefore, took a dose of opium A verdict of suicide was returned.

MOHURRUM IN BOMBAY.

It was feared in some quarters that this year there would be no Mohorrum procession or that the Mohorrum in Bombay would not be a peaceful one in view of the notification issued by Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, prohibiting the procession of Taboots through certain streets. It now appears that the tabootwallas have decided to construct taboots and take them out in procession for immersion on the last day of the Mohorrum.

As a result of this decision over a hundred tabootwallas applied to the Police Commissioner for licenses as usual and the licenses were granted.

Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

THE last sitting of the ninth National Convention of the Y. M. C. A's. of India and Ceylon was held on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter presiding.

The proceedings opened with the singing of a hymn, scripture lesson and prayer; after which a paper, by Captain Tuke, I. M. S., Bombay, on "Personal and Community Hygiene," was read before the meeting. In this the lecturer referred to the low level of health prevalent among the European and Indian population of India and impressed upon the audience the necessity of encouraging physical culture and outdoor sports as a means of regeneration. There was then an intercessory period when the Rev. Dr. Zurimer asked upon the Y. M. C. A.'s of India to take up the question of converting the Mahomedans who were now neglected by the Y. M. C. A.'s.

The next address was from Dr. H. H. Mann, of Poona, on "Social Duties and Methods of Social Service." In the course of his discourse, Dr. Mann averred that there was no lack of Indian young men to do the work of social service; what was wanting was leaders to guide them. He submitted that there were three essentials to the success of such work, namely, knowledge of local conditions, readiness of leaders to back up the work of young men right through, and thirdly, readiness on the part of leaders to throw themselves into the work of young men. He deprecated the present tendency of Europeans to take up an attitude of patronage, which greatly retarded the work of social service.

Resolutions were then passed, calling upon the Y. M. C. A's to take up the question of Mahomedan conversion, to thank H. E. the Governor for his sympathetic message, to thank the associations of America, Australia, England and Scotland for the help they had rendered to the Convention, to thank the newspapers, and to thank the Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter for presiding at its various meetings.

A subscription list was sent round and resulted in the promise of Rs. 8,200 a year for the next three years in connection with the work of the Convention. This announcement was heartily applauded by the audience.

Mr. Procter briefly thanked the meeting and the Convention was dissolved.

In the afternoon, at the invitation of Mr. Procter, a harbour trip was taken by the delegates.

Three relics of Charles Dickens, a lock of hair, a Prayer-book, and an autograph letter, were sold at Sotheby's rooms in mail week for ten guineas.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

The System of Fire Alarms.

IN accordance with a resolution of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the Commissioner has made further enquiries into the possibility of establishing a system of Fire Alarms, or in the alternative, of telephones connecting direct with Fire Stations and reports as follows:—

"The Telephone Company, a copy of whose letter I attach, are unable to quote a lower rate than their ordinary one of Rs. 175 per telephone per annum for each telephone connection. They are alternatively ready to supply Fire Alarm posts at an annual rental of Rs. 200. After full consideration and consultation with the Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, I am still of the opinion that telephone connection would be far preferable to Fire Alarms. Experience elsewhere has shown that such alarms are subject to constant abuse and there is no reason to believe that our experience in Bombay would be different. It has been suggested that an occasional fire alarm is not without its advantages in keeping the Fire Brigade on the alert. All Fire Authorities, however, are agreed that the exact contrary is the case. If the men are constantly aroused on false alarms they are liable to become slack and indifferent and serious delay might occur when a genuine call was made. Moreover the effect on horses, on whose assistance we must for many years to come to some extent rely, must be borne in mind as two or three false alarms in a night would render them incapable of further usefulness for the next few hours. An additional drawback is the fact that street fire alarms would necessarily be exposed to severe climatic conditions and there would be the danger of the fittings being so effected as to throw them out of order. Moreover it is extremely desirable that when the firemen get to the scene of the fire they should be able to be in constant communication with every Fire Station. This would only be possible in the case of fire alarms by using the portable telephone referred to by the Manager which would entail an extra expenditure of Rs. 40 per annum. The Chief Officer agrees with me that direct telephone would be infinitely preferable to Street Fire Alarms. I have selected with the help of the Chief Officer 33 places at which these fire telephones might be installed and they are shown on the accompanying map. It will be seen that they are for the present mainly confined to the more thickly populated parts of the town and to the docks, and these I think sufficient in the meantime, because in the less thickly populated portions the danger to human life is much less, while the important industrial concerns such as the Mills in the North of the Island have nearly all got their own telephone connections. The cost of these 33 connections at Rs. 175 each would amount to Rs. 5,775 per annum and I would ask the sanction of the Corporation to the approval of these proposals and to the expenditure of the sum."

IMPROVEMENT OF ROADWAYS.

The Municipality Corporation having requested the Commissioner to address Government in terms of their Committee's report regarding the provision of street refuges and the improvement of roadways that officer has now forwarded a copy of his letter and the reply from the Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer.

The Commissioner's letter to Government runs —

"I have the honor to state that the corner of the Admiralty house compound at the junction of the Cooperage Road and Wodehouse Road is so blind as to be extremely dangerous to vehicular traffic and in the opinion of the Corporation it is necessary that the height of the compound wall for about 40 feet on either side of the corner should be reduced. They have accordingly requested me to ascertain whether Government would be pleased to agree to arrangements being made for the height of the wall to be reduced and open iron railings being substituted for the upper part. I have the honour therefore to request the favour of being informed if Government will agree to the proposal in the event of the Corporation defraying the cost of the proposed change. I take this opportunity of addressing Government in regard to a slight improvement of the alignment of the corner of Mayo Road which it appears advisable to make by adding to the road the area shown in red scoring on the accompanying plan marked A. V.T. 8710. The land required for the purpose measures about 135 square yards and forms part of the footpath round the Oval and I shall be glad if Government be pleased to hand it over to the Municipality free of charge for the public purpose of adding it to the roadway. This would, I should point out, improve the approach to the Secretariat from the south."

In the reply from the Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer it is stated :

"His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief concurs generally in the desirability of lessening the danger to traffic at this corner and I am directed to say that he agrees to the alterations as set forth below the Corporation defraying the cost of the changes—(1) To do away with the present entrance gateway and to convert the present exit into the entrance, (2) to make a new exit gateway in the Cooperage Road about 80 feet north of the corner in question, (3) to take down the upper masonry portion of the wall on each side of the new exit and on each side of the corner and put up in place thereof iron railings as shown in the drawing, (4) the above proposals, when carried out, will, it is thought, not only do away with the danger to vehicular traffic at the corner, but also at the present exit which is also blind. His Excellency requests that these alterations may be carried out next April when he will not be in residence."

THE CENSUS OPERATIONS.

The Corporation some time back passed a resolution sanctioning a grant of Rs. 20,000 to meet a moiety of the charges in respect of the census operations in Bombay on condition that the marginally noted statistics are collected for the Corporation, the extra cost involved in the collection of such information being included in the total cost. They have also sanctioned the appointment of Dr. J. A. Turner, Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, to be in charge of the operations under the general control of the Provincial Superintendent.

The Secretary to Government, General Department, Bombay, communicating this information to the Government of India, stated : As in the opinion of that officer the information required by the Corporation involves little more than special abstraction and tabulation and there is no fundamental difficulty in providing the Corporation with the statistics asked for, the Governor in Council has accepted the proposal and appointed Dr. Turner to supervise the taking of the Census of the City of Bombay for a period not exceeding six months from October 1st. Dr. Turner will be granted a special allowance of Rs. 300 per mensem during the period specified above, the charge being met from the Corporation's contribution.

The Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, in reference to the above letter writes: "The Government of India accept the proposal that the cost of the Census Operations in the City of Bombay should be shared equally by Government and the Municipal Corporation of Bombay on condition that the statistics referred to in the margin of your letter are collected for the Corporation. I am also to convey the approval of the Government of India to the appointment of Dr. J. A. Turner, Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, to be in charge of the operations under the general control of the Provincial Superintendent for a period not exceeding six months with effect from the 1st October, 1910, and the grant to him during that period of a special allowance of Rs. 300 a month."

COMPROMISING THE BANGANGA CASES.

With reference to the Standing Committee Resolution approving of the claim of the Municipality against Messrs. Deoram Keshavji & Co. in connection with the Banganga Cases being compromised by accepting Rs. 23,000 from the Firm in full settlement of the claim, on condition that Messrs. Deoram Keshavji & Co. abandoned any pending suit against the Municipality and submitted to the Commissioner's decision as regards all their other outstanding claims against the Municipality, the Commissioner has submitted a report with a statement showing the claims preferred by Messrs. Deoram Keshavji & Co. as also the amounts admitted due to them, from which it will be seen that a sum of Rs. 12,451-14-10 is payable to them in respect of all their outstanding claims against the Municipality. Messrs. Deoram Keshavji & Co. have agreed to sign the release by accepting this amount, says the Commissioner, but urge that the sum of Rs. 972-8-0 on account of repairs executed by them to the Sankli Tank Bullock Hospital in the year 1899 should be paid to them. This work having actually been carried out by Messrs. Deoram Keshavji and Co., they are justly entitled to the amount, but as the claim was preferred 3 years after the execution of the work, it has been treated as time-barred and disallowed. The Municipal Solicitors are of opinion that it would be wrong to reject the claim for this amount merely on the technical ground of limitation and I am of opinion that as it falls within the scope of the latter portion of the Standing Committee Resolution, it is but fair that it should be paid. But as the grant out of which the amount was payable has been allowed to lapse, I request the sanction of the Standing Committee to additional grant of Rs. 972-8-0 from the Balance, to meet the above charge against which the works were carried out and no additional funds are required for its payment.

ACQUISITION OF THE DISUSED BENE-ISRAEL BURIAL GROUND.

The Committee of the Corporation have submitted their report regarding the acquisition of a portion of the disused Bene-Israel Burial ground at Grant Road, required for road improvement.

The Committee in their report state as follows :

In September 1908 the Commissioner reported that a portion of the Burial Ground fell within the regular line of Grant Road and that its acquisition was necessary in the interests of public traffic. In view, however, of the opposition met with from the authorities of the cemetery he applied for permission to apply to Government for the acquisition, under the Land Acquisition Act, of the portion of the Burial Ground falling within the regular line of the road. This proposal was approved of by the Standing Committee.

A petition was thereupon submitted to Government by Mr. D. J. Samson and other representatives of the Bene-Israel Community, stating that it was against the religious sentiments of the community to allow the bones of the dead being disturbed or desecrated in any way and praying that orders should be passed to the effect that no portion of the cemetery be acquired and that if necessary the land on the other side of the cemetery be acquired for the purpose of widening the road. On the 1st December, 1909, His Excellency the Governor personally inspected the site and after having discussed the whole question with the members of the deputation of the Bene-Israel Community informed the petitioners that His Excellency was of opinion that the divergence of the road proposed by the community was not possible and that His Excellency considered that the plan of the Corporation must be adhered to. The petitioners were further informed that His Excellency was of opinion that one of the following alternative arrangements might be adopted :—(a) All the bodies might be taken out of the strip of land proposed to be added to the road and might be buried with a suitable stone to mark the spot, or (b) the Corporation might be asked to give an undertaking that the bodies shall remain undisturbed when the proposed road is made, provided of course that the Corporation agree and have no difficulty about doing this.

Before passing any orders in the matter Government desire to know if the Corporation have any objection to the proposal (b), and the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, has accordingly requested the Corporation in his letter No. 83, dated the 6th January, 1910, to communicate their views to Government. In connection with this reference a further representation to the Corporation from Mr. D. J. Samson and others has been received (copy annexed). After careful consideration of the entire correspondence the Committee requested the Commissioner to discuss the question with the representatives of the community and place before the Committee his views in the matter. From a copy of the report accordingly submitted by the Commissioner, No. 6172, dated the 31st May 1910, it will be seen that there is no objection to the extension of the road in question on the following conditions :—(1) The road to be made over the existing graves, without disturbing the bones therein. This can be easily done, as the graves are at least 3 feet below the level of the roadway, while the bones are buried at a further depth of 6 feet, (2) pipe lines for water, gas, &c., not to be laid in the area taken from the grave-yard, (3) the stones near the graves to be erected within the grave-yard. There is plenty of room for this, a good deal of the grave-yard being at present used for storing bricks, (4) a wall or railing to be erected on the new boundary of the grave-yard, the foundations of which must not disturb any bones in existing graves. This can easily be arranged as the foundations will not need to be more than 2 feet, (5) All the expenses incurred in connection with these measures to be borne by the Corporation.

The Committee therefore beg to recommend that the road may be extended as proposed by the Commissioner and that Government may be informed accordingly.

The Committee may add that they have received a further letter from Mr. D. J Samson, dated the 14th November 1910, communicating the following resolution passed at a public meeting of the Bene-Israel community held on the 13th November 1910 :— "This public meeting of the Bene-Israel community resolves that the question relating to the Grant Road Burial Ground pending before a Committee of the Municipal Corporation should be allowed to proceed there and the community should at no time consent to any part of it being acquired." The following resolution passed at a meeting of the Jewish community, held at Thana, has also been communicated by Subedar Major and Sirdar Bahadur Samuel Isaac :—

"That they regret to observe the intention of your Municipality acquiring the land of Jewish Cemetery at Two Tanks, Grant Road, for road purposes and this action will hurt our feelings to a great extent." Beyond repeating the community's protest these resolutions do not in any way deal with the recommendations made by the Commissioner in consultation with certain representatives of the community. It is not understood what objections there could be to the arrangement proposed, viz, that the bones shall remain undisturbed when the proposed road is made. The Committee therefore recommend that Government be now requested to expedite the acquisition of the required portion of the burial ground.

Dr. D. B. Dandekar thinks the Government and the Municipal Commissioner have met with the wishes of the community with the greatest sympathy and justice.

Mr. Baptista in separate minute says : I object. I think nothing should be done which is calculated to outrage the religious feelings of the Jewish community. I understood that the representatives voiced the opinion of the community, but when it appeared this was not quite correct the Committee asked the Commissioner to interview the objectors and ascertain their views. I do not know if the Commissioner saw all the objectors, but I understood him to say that he met one or two and they objected to the contemplated proposals. Since then the Committee is furnished with the resolutions of the community. These resolutions leave no room for doubt that the said representatives do not in fact give expression to the opinion of the community. Under the circumstances, I think, it is undesirable to force the acquisition upon an unwilling community.

Dr. Sukhia also objected to the acquisition.

PORTRAITS AT NAVSARI.

MR. DESHPANDE, Barrister-at-Law, Subs of Navsari, unveiled on Thursday evening, before a large gathering in the Laxuman Hall, portraits of two deceased prominent citizens, Mr. Kedarnath J., late Public Prosecutor and Munsif, and Mr. Barjorji R. Garda. Schoolgirls having sung the God's prayer, Dr. Desai gave the history of the memorial of late lamented Suba and Dewan Laxumanrao, to whose memory the existence of the Laxuman Hall is due and which was raised by the energy of these two prominent citizens, and other workers.

Mr. T. Kanga, teacher, High School, gave a brief sketch of the life of the Pleader, his public services, and his good traits. Mr. Bhalchandra Master spoke regarding Mr. Garda.

The Subs, before unveiling the portraits, gave a very effective speech, encouraging those who work for the public, consoling those who may have worked but whose services have not been appreciated, to work with conscience in concert. He bemoaned the declining state of Navsari in health, industry, trade and art and pressed the public to try their best to improve them. The Suba was presented with a silver knife, with which he cut the string of the veils of the portraits.

Mr. Devchandbhoy, an old and respected Pleader of nearly five decades' standing, thanked the President, the ladies, and gentlemen for their attendance. Mr. Dikshit, a son of a Pleader, thanked the gathering for their kindness to his father. The girls having sung the National Anthem, the gathering dispersed.

The Secretary of the Portuguese Treasury has been arrested on a charge of paying the debts of Queen Maria Pia out of the public funds.

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AMERICAN ARMY REPORT.

Peace party protests.

MR. TAFT'S DISAPPROVAL.

A correspondent of the "Morning Post," Washington, writes :—

If war were imminent, the excitement could hardly be greater than that which has followed the publication of the confidential report of Mr. Dickinson, the Secretary of War, on the military unpreparedness of the United States.

The "peace" party in Congress, led by Mr. Tawney, chairman of the Committee on House Appropriations, accuses the Secretary of War, the Representatives from Pacific coast States, the manufacturers of armaments and some of the newspapers of being engaged in a conspiracy to frighten the country so as to secure large appropriations from Congress.

The attitude of the "peace" party was expressed by a leading member of Congress, who said: "It is folly to talk about 100,000 men being landed on our shores. The moment that happens a million men will rise up to drive out the invaders, and if we do not have ammunition we will use stones."

This is fairly representative of the average Congress

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H M S Hyacinth.....Capt J D Dick .....H M Flagship
H I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Maraack.....R I M S

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Colaba 3999 .....Robertson ..... M M
Dunrobin .....3331 Owens .....W & A Graham & Co
Elmenteith..... 2233 Davison .....
Egmion.....2444 Davies .....
Ismedia .....3381 Feuvre .....
Islanda.....3491 McClelland .....
Kasara.....505 Elton .....
Nizam .....2041 M .....
Nowab .....2041 Elton .....
Nowabera .....1961 .....
Quirimba .....
Quilca .....
Saifi.....
Tuscania .....
.....
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Balli Bros
DER Dunbarmoor...2331 Barton .....Rotterdam...15 1
W & A Graham & Co
F Itria.....3420 Wool .....Calcutta 31 1
M M &
H Saltar.....2771 Fantren .....Durban .....
A Strach
K Felicians...2785 Falck .....Dunkirk.....
W & AG
M Shah Ameer.....1922 Cusack.....Ma
N Umona .....2398 Mitchell...W
O Cresswell...2002 Buss ...Gen
& A Graham & Co
Hull 10-1-911
VICTOR
1 Glenclunv...3076 8-1-1911
T Morrison & Co

ALBERT DOCK.

2 Ismaila...338
3 Chanda.....Craig...Kobe ...7-1 T Morrison & Co
4 Creasi.....Le Feavre...N F...N F...M M & Co
5 G.....3951 Tice .....Antwerp ... 3-1-11
M M & Co
gton Court.....2716 Barcham...Marseilles...
7-1-11...W & A Graham & Co
Penlyon.....2543 Anderson...Antwerp ...7-1-1911
T Morrison & Co
India.....1907 Sorch.....Trieste...3 1 ...W Denoa
2813 Delhi .....4784 Gordon ...Shanghai...4 1...P & O
S N Co
16 Arabistan....1849...Cobd...Dunkirk ....4-1 M M&Co
H W P D
Netravati.....699 Fakeera ...Karachi...3 1 ...Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati.....443 Ebrahim .....Mangalore.....2 1
Bo S N Co Ld
30 ton Cranes,
Dredger Jinga.....401 .....B P Trust
Indravati.....513...Fakeera H F.....B and S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
30	Nawab	Elliott	Calcutta, Dec 4
	Cloutsham	Gibbons	Cardiff, Nov 22
31	Ismaila	Lefeuvre	K'goon, Dec 17
	Nowshera	Ross	Calcutta, Nov 28
	Etonian	Davies	Cardiff, Nov 29
	Linga	Gutbush	Karachi, Dec 29

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
31	Bandole	Giacopello ..	Calcutta
	Warturia	Schmidt	H'burg via K'chi
	Clemates	Robinson.....	Calcutta
	Egypt	Summers.....	London
	Ula	Scot	Persian Gulf &c.
Jan.	Okara	Kedslie	Rangoon &c
1	Koerber	Foreste	Trieste &c

The steamer Arioste, Bradley for Hull via Karachi, obtained her port-clearance on Saturday.

The steamer Cloutsham, for Marseilles &c, began to load on Saturday.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	From
20	Earl of Douglas	Liverpool
25	Clan Gordon	Coast
27	Wardha	Moulmein

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Mombasa, left Suez on the evening of 29th December and the same Co's. steamer Matiana, left Port Said on the afternoon of 30th December.

PROPOSED ALTERATION OF THE REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

The Board of Trade have forwarded a lengthy communication to the Imperial Merchant Service Guild asking the opinion of that body upon points raised in connection with the proposed alteration of the Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea. These alterations include:—

Towing Signals.—A signal for vessels towing gun targets, lumber rafts, or similar objects, such signal to be distinct from that carried by steam vessels towing other vessels. The signal suggested consists of three lights visible all round the horizon, and placed not less than three feet apart at the stern of the towing vessel, the lower light being white and the two upper lights being red.

Universal Distress Signal.—It is proposed to include in Article 31 a day signal of distress such as a cone having either above it or below it a ball, or anything resembling a ball. This signal to be made known universally.

Day Signal for Motor Boats.—It is proposed that some distinct signal shall be shown by day, so that other vessels may recognise them as steamships within the meaning of the regulations. At present there is considerable risk of collision in such cases, the motor vessel manœuvring as a steamship, and it is often impossible to see whether motor power is being used as well as sail. It is proposed that by night the motor vessel, if using her motor as well as her sails, will show the lights prescribed for steamships.

Signal for Ships Carrying Explosives.—As a special signal for vessels carrying explosives, it is proposed that a red flag by day and a red light by night shall be hoisted, such signal, however, not being intended to give any right of way. The Guild are giving their careful consideration to the foregoing propositions and will shortly forward their observations upon them to the Board of Trade.

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The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 2nd January 1911.

A CRITIC ON THE TAJ.

Mr. Chisholm undertook an ambitious task in his paper on the Taj Mahal, read before the Royal Society of Arts on December 15, when he tried to give reasons for the wondrous beauty of that monument by an elaborate examination of its designer's observance of the cold rules of architecture. He was, perhaps, well qualified to dissect the plan of the Taj by the fact that he first approached the exquisite resting place of the favorite wife of Shah Jehan in a serenely critical temper, determined to shut out from his mind all the enthusiastic verdicts he had heard from every one: he resolved to be just, to give it simply its due and no more. But when this architectural purist stood before the Taj, he realized on the instant that it was "unlike anything he had ever seen. A translucent visionary object, part of the sun-bathed atmosphere, all-satisfying in its loveliness." And utterly conquered, he became one of the glad throng who wonder and admire. But his critical faculty did not die, his belief in the canons of architecture demanded an analysis of the secret of the perfection of the Marvel and he set to work on the difficult task of sounding the mystery by which form, colour and atmosphere had been so correlated as to materialise so noble a dream. We are all familiar with the Taj, either having actually seen it or from the myriad pictures, models, and photographs that are extant, but few can attempt to say why it takes that place among the wonders of the world, that even more elaborately beautiful or more intrinsically valuable buildings have not attained. We are told, and willingly believe, that the interplay of light and shade produce much of the effect. The shadows are exquisitely graduated, some deep and dark, some cold, now of a delicate grey, and again of a warm amber colour; the maximum of reflected light is skilfully caught and made to heighten these shadows in façade and dome, until the building set in the deep foliage of trees has all the appearance of a dream-palace. Mr. Chisholm, while admiring the Taj from every point of view, insists that "scholastic architecture" has nothing to do with its "startling ethereal appearance" nor could "an architecturally trained intelligence" have originated it, such a being, according to him, delights in producing brilliant contrasts, he would not be content to divide the light into a hundred shades, or to embody all the subtleties of pictorial values as did the supreme artist who fulfilled his dream in the Taj.

That this monument was the natural outcome of the architecture of the period is evident for nearly two hundred years from 1526 to 1707, the Mogul Empire existed and its influence was strong on the art and thought of that part of Hindustan that stretches from Lahore to Agra. The Taj was built in 1631 about the middle of this period. The sheltered Hindu workmen that were found in all parts of the country were employed by the Mahomedan rulers and received ideas from them that modified their art until the Hindu-Saracenic type was evolved, and that in so admirable a form and execution as to suggest that considerable good will must have existed between the two races at that time at least. Other influences from west of the Indus of a commercial character still further modified the art of the country, the Hindu element began to recede, and by the time the Taj was designed, though it was built by Hindu workmen, many of the characteristics of the style hailed from the Bosphorus or from Persia. From working in sandstone only, builders had gone on to a mixture of sandstone and marble, later using pure marble alone. One innovation the Hindu did not assimilate thoroughly, the arch, to him as to the ancient Greeks it was of too active and energetic a type, the repose of the dome was more acceptable and though the Mahomedans, wanting space as well as height, added the arch to the dome, it was in the latter that the greatest triumphs were achieved, as we see at Bijapur, at Fatehpore Sikri, in the buildings in the fort of Agra, in Golconda and in many other hallowed Indian places. Mr. Chisholm gave a curious reason for general smallness of Indian domes. The monsoon, that great arbiter of all the life of India, influenced its architecture also. As the final part of the form of the arch of a dome was made of brick laid in mud and moulded to shape with clay, heavy rain would be fatal to so primitive a support. Hence the size of the dome was regulated by what work could be done during the dry months of a year. Reasoning from the similarity, in many respects, of Humayon's tomb in Delhi to the Agra Taj, the lecturer ventured on a conjecture to account for different periods being represented in both buildings.

He supposes that "the man with the idea" experimented at Delhi in Shah Jehan's time, and while at work there the thought of the Taj took form in his mind and he erected the great dome and the façade of Humayon's tomb, the part that he meant to reproduce at Agra, as a trial of the effect. His successor, not grasping the full value of the idea but knowing that the inspiration was there, went on with the work and added the four smaller domes and the minarets of the angels" after the man with the idea left." This is ingenious reasoning, but is it true, or does it only help to justify Mr. Chisholm in his view that the building would gain in perfection as well as in simplicity if these additions had never been made? For the great dome would then seem more ethereal, especially if the roof, instead of being of grey Portland cement, were covered with pure white marble. Mr. Chisholm is not the first man who yearned to paint the lily, but as he admits that he has been conquered by the Taj just as completely as every one else who has gazed on its delicate beauty, he must be forgiven for thinking he could better it. He is, however, as vehement in his praise as Sir Frederic Treves, one of the latest travellers, to add to the written descriptions of Argemand Banu's tomb. He saw in it nothing that appealed to the judgment, but "a white cloud, luminous, translucent," he felt "as if in the place of a marble dome, the garden had been filled with divine music." The architectural glories of past centuries in India are very many and great. They cannot fail to evoke admiration as long as they live, but there are, as Mr. Chisholm reminded his audience, many other constructions that minister to the wants of the country, such as railways, roads, canals, irrigation works, lighthouses, bridges and the other public works of India. These show that the harsh things that are some times said by Englishmen of "the shortcomings of their brothers and sisters in India" are not altogether justified, for "more has been done for the advancement of the brotherhood of man by these works than if we had built a palace in every city and a Taj in every taluq." Whether the lecturer is correct in his prophecy that the day of a more perfect form of building than the world has yet seen is at hand, and that ferro-concrete is the new material that will facilitate its introduction and development, time will tell.

COMPLETION OF A GREAT WORK.

TEN years have elapsed since the death of Professor Max Muller, and the splendid series of sacred books of the East which he planned and piloted through the press, has been just brought to a finish by the publication of its fiftieth and final volume, containing the index to the whole series. The volume has taken long to appear, for it was commenced in 1894 but not completed till the present year. But, though it has taken sixteen years of pretty hard labour on the part of its compiler, Dr. Winternitz, Professor of the German University of Prague, the work was well worth doing. It is no index of the ordinary kind that is contained in the seven hundred pages of this volume, and it required no more drudgery to prepare it. The sacred books series, which is familiarly known to scholars as S. B. E., consists of translations of nearly all the chief Oriental religious treatises from many difficult languages—Pali, Pehlavi, and Chinese. It is rich in material for the study of comparative religion, a new science whose proper cultivation has been rendered possible, mainly by this series. Each of the volumes is provided with an index which facilitates its study individually. But it was one of the main objects of Max Muller in starting this series to render possible a comparison of religions and philosophical ideas contained in the scriptures here brought together of various Oriental peoples. This comparison is now rendered fully possible by the present index volume which, for the first time, brings into our view, as it were, the heterogeneous contents of the forty-nine volumes to which this series has extended, scientifically classified and digested. A glance at the elaborate article on God, or still better, that on "gods" which extends to twenty-four columns of close print, at once shows its great usefulness for the study of comparative religion. The fundamental notion of an Almighty Creator is here traced through the labyrinthine scriptures of the Arabs, the Chinese, the Persians and the Indians, and the resemblance and difference in these great religions on this point can be noted easily. Dr. Winterintz claims for his volume the title of "A sort of manual of the history of Eastern Religions" and this claim is properly founded if the index is used in the right way. It, of course, bristles with references to the various volumes which at first sight makes it appear very dull. But a very slight acquaintance with it convinces the reader that all this mighty maze is not without a plan, which soon renders it very interesting even as ordinary reading. The volume is eminently readable; and it is hardly paradoxical to say this of an index such as this. Professor MacDonell, of Oxford, in his few prefatory remarks to this volume, hardly exaggerates when he says that if he were called upon to choose any one volume out of the fifty of this series, he would select the present one. It is so useful and also so interesting. Max Muller laid all students of Oriental religions under his deep debt by this series, and that debt is only increased by the publication of this master-key to the whole. For the plan of this index, too, Max Muller deserves credit, for he suggested it to Dr. Wenternitz and took very keen interest in its progress. It is a matter of great regret that he did not live to see it published, and his entire work crowned by this model index. The Delegates of the Clarendon Press, who are the publishers, may well felicitate themselves on this publication which much enhances the value and usefulness of the Sacred Books of the East Series which has made the Oxford University, so famous among the learned of the whole world.

NEW FORM OF STRIKE.

ACCORDING to a Paris correspondent, the experiences of the recent strikes have taught French workmen that the methods then adopted do not pay, and their leaders are now busy inaugurating a new plan to be designated the "greve Perlée"—a strike of extremely delicate and perfect pearl-like character. It is explained that the "pearly strike" involves, no turning out in mass, no noisy threat of suspending all services, and no violent *sabotage*. The procedure is much more artistic and subtle—a sly and deft mixing up of duty and disobedience or of mischief done under cloak of natural accident. For instance, there may be three trucks full of goods starting from one station in three different directions. Nothing is easier than to make a mistake in affixing the labels of destination and sending the one that was meant for Calais to Nancy, the Nancy one to Bordeaux, and the Bordeaux one to Calais; or the despatch sheet may be lost, and without it no conductor can take charge of any wagons. Supposing that this system is applied to a few thousand trucks and wagons which have been sent in wrong directions all over France, the confusion and difficulty of remedying the errors may be imagined. Then the Italian method is to be introduced and used as an auxiliary to the new scheme. By it the employee displays excess of zeal, according to the strict letter of the regulations. The engine-driver is bound to see that every nut and bolt in his engine is tight, and at every station he proceeds to inspect, losing hours of time. A conductor also may spend another hour or two in going through every compartment to see that nobody has offended against the rule concerning fouling the floor, or make a long inquiry to find out if anybody has lit a cigarette in a non-smoker's carriage. In fact, there is no end to the variety and diversity that may be introduced into the new sport of *grève perlée*, and the only remedy that appears to be possible is immediate dismissal for "excess of zeal." Still the new form of strike and insubordination can only call forth a new means of finding out how to repress it. There is that consolation for the authorities who, by the disclosure, are afforded ample time and opportunity for preparation.

CORONATION EXHIBITION.

AN attempt, not we hope too late in the day, is being made to secure a complete representation of India at the great Coronation Exhibition to be held during the forthcoming summer at Shepherd's Bush. An Indian Committee has been formed and a meeting to further its objects was held at the Cannon Street Hotel on December 16 under the presidency of Sir John Cockburn. Amongst those present were, Sir Edward Sassoon, M. P., Mr. D. Cruickshank (Messrs. Begg Dunlop and Co.), Mr. H. N. Gladstone (Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.), Mr. G. Henderson (Messrs. Octavius Steel and Co.). Other influential firms were also represented and several apologies for non-attendance were read. A note supplied to us says:—"The hope was expressed by the gentlemen present that inasmuch as the main object of the Exhibition is to show the wealth and resources of India and the advantages enjoyed under British rule, the support of the Government would be given to the purpose of securing an adequate representation of Indian exhibits."

THE cricket match between the All India Team and the Bombay Gymkhana will commence on the latter's ground at 11 o'clock today.

REUTER cables from Ghent that nine men have been killed by an explosion in the Government powder magazine at Wettern.

THE Hon'ble H. L. Eales, Acting Financial Commissioner in Burma, has been appointed Vice-President of the Lieutenant-Governor's Council in place of the late Mr. Todd Naylor.

SIR JOHN STANLEY, who is now in Calcutta was present as District Grand Master, Bengal, at the Masonic Service at St. John's Church on New Year's Day.

SOME cases of plague have occurred at Jeddah seaport. As the pilgrims are proceeding to Mecca, the Turkish Government have adopted the usual precautions.

MR. CLEVELAND, of the Criminal Investigation Department, has been wounded by a panther while shooting in the Sambalpur Jungles. His injuries are happily not serious.

H. H. the Aga Khan arrived at Allahabad on Saturday to attend the Hindu-Mahomedan Conference. The Conference will be a private one, but if any terms of agreement are settled upon they will be made public.

A MARRIAGE has been arranged between Mr. H. G. Weber of Bombay, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Weber, of 8 Cumberland Terrace, Regents' Park, London and Hawkridge House, near Newbury, Berks, and Miss Phoebe Bonnell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bonnell, of 94 Cornwall Gardens, London S. W. and Beech Cottage, Limpsfield, Surrey.

LT.-COL. J. A. Cunningham, I.M.S., Superintendent of the Lahore Medical College, died at the General Hospital, Calcutta, on Saturday from cholera, after a ten hours' illness. He had come from Lahore for Christmas and had been staying at one of the hotels when he was suddenly taken ill and was moved to the hospital where he died. His funeral was largely attended.

THE 22nd Session of the Madras Vannikula Kshetria Mahasangam was held at Arcot under the presidency of Srimat Bhaskara Swamigal of the Anthyur Math One of the resolutions dealt with Mr. Gait's Census circular and another resolution prayed the leaders of the community to arrange to send agricultural instructors to different parts of the Presidency to demonstrate to the cultivators the benefits of scientific agriculture.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

THE PEACE OF EUROPE.

France and England in Africa.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, DEC. 17.

THE "Matin's" Correspondent at St. Petersburg has telegraphed the words of a statement made to him by M. Sasonoff, the Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs.

"I have nothing to add to and nothing to withdraw from the declarations which I made on my return from Potsdam," said M. Sasonoff. "My conversations with Herren von Bethmann-Hollweg and von Kider-len-Wachter have had for their basis the absolute integrity of the present groupings. The German statesmen know that Russia is always faithful to her engagements and has no motive or pretext for abandoning her close alliance with France and her "entente cordiale" with England."

As there is some comment just now on the relations between Germany and Russia, and a certain amount of speculation as to the manner in which a "rapprochement" between those two powers would be regarded by the French Government, it may be as well to devote a few remarks to the policy which has been consistently pursued by this country for many years. The Government of the Republic has all along expressed a resolute desire for the maintenance of peace. Over and over again in official addresses has this wish been repeated. When special applications have been made for credits for the Army and the Navy, it has invariably been pointed out that the strength of her land and sea forces was measures peace for France. This is no figure of speech. The words are perfectly sincere. The French Republic desires to be on good terms with every country, and it loses no opportunity of proving its sincerity.

If, after some estrangement, Germany and Russia draw closer to each other, such an event will be welcomed here. The alliance between France and Russia cannot possibly be threatened by such a "rapprochement," any more than the "entente" between France and England would be menaced if a better feeling were to arise between England and Germany. On the contrary, just as any removal of friction between England and Germany would be joyfully hailed here, so would a Russo-German "rapprochement" be regarded as furnishing one more guarantee of peace. M. Pichon, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, is said by our contemporary, the "Matin," to have remarked to a member of the Chamber of Deputies apropos of an improvement in Russo-German relations, that no annoyance could be felt here at any good fortune to France's ally, as Russia was as faithful as ever to that alliance and to the 'entente' with England. But this was self-evident all along, when the spirit in which French diplomacy has been carried on all these years is considered.

As a matter of fact, it may be candidly explained that the sole objection which certain French critics entertained to the "entente" with England was that, as her relations with Germany were not invariably cordial, France might be drawn into trouble, in spite of her resolutely pacific policy. Any 'rapprochement' between England and Germany would be viewed by these same critics with a positive feeling of relief. There never was, of course, the faintest arriere-pensee in England of entangling France in a war with Germany for purely selfish purposes, but such a suspicion has existed, and it still lingers on to some extent. France does not want war with Germany, nor has she wanted it all this time. Madame Adam's new work conclusively shows that Gambetta, had a secret understanding with Bismarck, and it had long been perfectly certain that Jules Ferry had a similar understanding, or he would never have embarked on his bold policy of colonial expansion, which so frequently created friction between France and England. Has there been any change in French official feeling since those days? Certainly not. Often was it argued that France and Germany could co-operate with each other in at least every quarter of the globe but Europe, and although there is no longer any reason for such a contention, the strictest regard is still paid to German susceptibilities. So everything that may conduce to the promotion of good feeling between France's ally and France's friend on the one hand, Germany on the other, is heartily welcomed here.

There remain, it is true, the two other partners in the Triple Alliance, but France is on the most friendly terms with Italy, and France's relations with Austria leave little to be desired. The only cloud that arose between France and Austria all these years was the result of the policy in which France joined with England and Russia at the time of the definite annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and she simply did so out of regard for her friend and her ally, as she had long been cultivating an exceptionally good state of relations with the Dual Monarchy, and deeply regretted this friction, the more so as she was grateful to Austria for her attitude at Algeciras.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE IN AFRICA.

Reuter's Agency learns, with reference to the reports that the recent native attack on the French in Wadai may lead to some steps being taken for the delimitation of the Anglo-French frontiers in that region, that there is no reason to believe that the British Government proposes to proceed with this work at the present time. To mark out a long boundary in a region so far removed from active administration would involve the employment of a big expedition, for which the present moment does not seem opportune. Discussions have, however, taken place between the British and French Governments at various periods during the past year with regard to this unadministered region, owing to the growing menace from it and to its becoming a dumping-ground for hostile and powerful independent tribes.

One definite result of the pourparlers between the two Governments, and of representations made some time ago by France regarding the friction existing between the Sultan of Darfur and the Sultan of Wadai, has been that when Sir Rudolf Slatin was in the country last July, it was decided that in the course of his duties as Inspector-General of the Soudan he should, as soon as possible after his return to Khartoum, proceed to Darfur, with a view to arranging matters with the Sultan Ali Dinah. Sir Rudolf informed Reuter's representative that he would be leaving for his post in the autumn, and that he would then go on a tour to the Western Soudan, including Darfur. News has since been received from Khartoum that the Inspector-General left for Darfur in November, and the probable date of his return to Khartoum is not known. Owing to his unique knowledge of the country and the tribes, much is expected as a result of Sir Rudolf's influence, but it should be pointed out that his visit has nothing to do with the delimitation of the Anglo-French boundaries.

With regard to the conversations between British and French statesmen on this question, while it is a fact that France, in view of the activity of her forces in the direction of Wadai, and her steady advance, which is bringing her within a relatively close distance of the frontier, would welcome a definite settlement of the boundary, it may be understood that she fully realises the difficulties in the way of the Anglo-Soudanese administration in carrying out such work, and is quite aware that the two Governments are influenced by the same desire to co-operate as far as circumstances permit, in restoring order in the regions bordering on the international frontier.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

A wave of furious passion swept over the Reichstag, on Tuesday afternoon, in the course of the Budget debate. The Socialist, Herr David, in a long speech, attaked the Chancellor sharply for his references to the Mosbit disturbances, and as soon as he resumed his seat the Chancellor rose to reply. After declaring that it was not only his right but his duty to defend the police against the accusations levelled against them by the Extreme Left, he continued:

"The charge of influencing a trial I give back to you, for you to-day went so far as to read out isolated depositions from proceedings which are still in process. Regard for the independence of the Prussian Courts forbids me to do that."

Once more the Right applauded warmly, and the Socialists uttered ironical shouts and peals of derisive laughter. The Chancellor proceeded:

"For the rest, whether the accused are condemned or acquitted, the moral responsibility of the Socialists for the Mosbit events is certain."

Now the tempest broke out in full force. The vociferous cheering of the Conservatives was at once merged in a chorus of shouts of protest and rage that came from the Extreme Left, where a number of members had sprung to their feet. Herr Fischer, one of the most excitable of his tribe, shrieked out in shrill tones, "Proofs! Proofs! Scandal! Scandal!" emphasising every word by banging on the desk with his fist. His colleagues simultane-

RUSSIA AID GERMANY.

GROUPING OF THE POWERS.

The Trans-Persian Railway Scheme.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 31.

A *Times'* message, from St. Petersburg, states that Russia is expected shortly to send a reply to the German Note received in 1907, the reply having been delayed for reasons connected with the general relations of the two countries, which reasons have been removed by the interview between the Tsar and the Kaiser at Potsdam.

The Note will indicate two of the main features of the conversation at Potsdam. The first, it is unquestionable the maintenance of the present grouping of the Powers, and the second, a mutual understanding to abstain from any new combination which might be directed against Russian or German interests, respectively, in Persia and Turkey.

Russian public opinion will probably not cavil at the onerous obligation to link Khanikin to Teheran by railway at Russia's cost, if the sacrifice assures European peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, DEC. 31.

It is understood that as a result of the meeting between the Kaiser and the Tsar at Potsdam, the Government will shortly issue a communique relating to international commercial interests in Persia.

SOUTH MANCHURIAN LOAN.

Improvement of Dairen Harbour.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

The South Manchurian loan will be six million sterling. Of this, two millions will be for the redemption and the remainder for the improvement of Darien Harbour, the increase of rolling-stock and various works.

THE JAPANESE TARIFF.

Chambers of Commerce and the Loan.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

In view of the proposed Japanese loan, the London Chamber of Commerce has circularized the Chambers which took part in the deputation to Sir Edward Grey in November with reference to the effects of the Japanese tariff.

The circular urges the Chambers to take measures to discourage the supplying of Japan with British capital, until satisfactory assurances are forthcoming with regard to the Japanese Tariff.

Sir Edward Holden has written a strongly-worded letter to the papers to the same effect, pointing out that if our industries suffer, the whole country suffers, including the investors. He says that Count Kona, Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs, is mistaken in saying that there is no room for convention with Britain, because the latter has nothing to offer in return. Sir Edward Holden, possibly, has no room for a convention, but the British moneyed classes have.

[A Tokio journal recently stated that the Japanese Government have decided to introduce during the coming session of the Diet a Bill for amending the new Tariff Law passed during last session. The journal adds that it has not been decided on what articles and to what extent changes will be made for the benefit of Great Britain. To decide these points it is imperative for Japan to negotiate with the British Government. The journal adds that The Government will do their best to maintain Treaty relations with Great Britain.]

SENTENCE ON A FRENCH STRIKER.

Threat by Confederation of Labour.

[redacted]

DEC. 31.

...passed on ...the death ...uted to ...

...Confederation of Labour has threatened a general strike, if the sentence is carried out. Most elaborate precautions are being taken to prevent disturbance to-morrow.

LONDON, JAN. 1.

Paris telegrams state that Labour Confederation has countermanded to-day's demonstration but has ordered preparations to be made for a general strike unless the trial of Durand is revised.

ARCHBISHOP AND THE CORONATION.

A New Year Message.

LONDON, DEC. 30.

The Archbishop of Canterbury in a New Year's message, referring to the events of 1910, issues a warning against taking impetuous short cut. He invokes the blessing of the Lord on the year 1911, when kinsfolk from afar will gather in one central shrine to join their prayers with ours at the Coronation of our King.

MRS. WHITEHEAD, the wife of the Bishop of Madras, is in Calcutta in connection with the meeting of Young Women's Christian Association.

A service torpedo, about 14 in length, with the mechanism almost intact, has been washed ashore at Worthing.

RECORDS IN AVIATION.

Flights by British Aeroplanists.

THE MICHELIN PRIZE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 31.

Colonel Cody is leading for the British Michelin prize of the value of £1,000.

Sopwith still holds the best cross-Channel flight for Baron de Forest's prize.

A dense fog in the Channel prevents attempts being made to-day. Both men are almost certain to be declared winners at midnight.

Colonel Cody, this afternoon, over Laffan's plain, had made a flight of 190 miles when he touched the ground as the result of a mistake.

Sopwith at Brooklands flew over 150 miles.

Tabuteau, a Frenchman, however, covered 365 miles in eight hours, thirty-five minutes. He is almost certain to be the winner of the £1,200 Michelin prize, beating Legagneux's record of 320 miles.

M. Farman, competing for the Michelin prize, had to alight through the breaking of a lubricating pipe. He had covered 305 miles.

Fatal Accident at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, DEC. 31.

Moisant, while at an altitude of a hundred feet, was preparing to make a descent when the aeroplane dipped, throwing the aviator out head-first. He died in a few minutes.

LATER.

The wind was blowing at fifteen miles an hour, and caused the machine to swerve. In trying to get back over the grounds, Moisant turned suddenly to the left, and then attempted the famous right circle, which is so dangerous that it is said that only one other aviator has ever attempted it. At this instant, the wind caught the planes and tipped the machine nose-downwards.

PARIS, DEC. 31.

An Army aeroplanist, Lieutenant Caumont, fell sixty feet at St. Cyr and was killed.

LONDON, JANUARY 1.

Reuter telegraphs from Los Angeles that the aviator, Mr. Hoxsey, after attempting to beat his own altitude record yesterday, was descending in a series of glides when his machine was caught in a vortex of contrary air currents and fell five hundred feet in view of the grand stand. Mr. Hoxsey was killed.

Challenge to Baron De Caters.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 31.

The Bristol Aeroplane Company announce an exhibition on the Calcutta Race Course on January 6 and publish a challenge to Baron De Caters, with ten thousand rupees as stakes to be deposited beforehand with the Calcutta Turf Club, to match their Bristol biplane against his biplane in endurance, height, and passenger-carrying. The Fort William Garrison orders also refer to the exhibition, which, it is understood, is with a view to the selection by the Military authorities of flying machines suitable for the Army in India.

Baron de Caters has refused the challenger of the Bristol Aeroplane Company for a competition, on the ground, according to the *Empire*, that such a competition would be of the nature of an advertisement of a firm dealing in aeroplanes.

THE PORTUGUESE UNREST.

Everything Reported Tranquil.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 30.

The Foreign Office, to-night, had received nothing from Lisbon confirming the Paris reports of the acute crisis. The Foreign Office officials are convinced that they would have been informed if anything serious had happened.

Alarmist Statements.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

The *Morning Leader* publishes a telegram from Lisbon, dated yesterday evening, stating that the alarmist statements regarding the situation are unfounded and that the political situation is absolutely calm. Despite the latter assertion, the latest mail reports generally concur that there is much popular dissatisfaction, arising out of the non-fulfilment of all kinds of hopes, aroused by the revolution.

LATER.

The *"Times"* publishes a telegram from Lisbon, dated the 30th December, stating that there is absolute tranquility still throughout the country.

The Portuguese Foreign Minister has telegraphed to the *Evening News* that everything is tranquil. Warships were merely sent to Madeira, on cholera relief duty.

ELECTION PETITIONS.

LONDON, DEC. 30.

Petitions have been presented in the cases of the elections at West St. Pancras, East Nottingham, West Bromwich, King's Lynn, and North Louth.

Petitions have been presented also in the cases of the elections at Chippenham, Wilts, and Mile End.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

The death is announced of the Revd. William Baker, late headmaster of the Merchant Taylor's School.

[The Reverend William Baker, D.D., was born in 1841 and received his education at the Merchant Taylor's School and St. John's College, Oxford. He had a brilliant University career distinguishing himself in classics, and from 1863 to 1870 was Fellow of his College and from 1866 to 1870 Tutor. In 1895 he was made an honorary Fellow of his College. From 1870 to 1900 he was Headmaster of the Merchant Taylor's School. His publications, which are both religious and secular, contain translations from Latin and Greek Verse.]

MR. CARNEGIE ENDOWS A HERO FUND.

Eulogism by the Kaiser.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 31.

Reuter wires from Berlin, that Mr. Carnegie through the United States Ambassador established a Hero Fund, with a capital of 1,250,000 dollars. The objects are similar to those of the funds already established in America, Great Britain and France. Military heroism is excluded.

The Kaiser, in a cordial letter, has accepted the offer to become a patron, and has applauded the humanitarian scheme.

CRICKET IN AUSTRALIA.

Second Test Match in Progress.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

Reuter wires from Melbourne, that Australia made 348 in the first innings of the second Test match against the South Africans. Bardsley hit up 85, and Armstrong 75.

South Africa had made 17 runs for no wicket when play ceased. Godlie's bowling was frequently troublesome.

Hill, when 39, was completely mystified, and was clean bowled without attempting to play the ball.

The fielding, of the South Africans, was brilliant.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

Saturday's Results.

LONDON, DEC. 31.

The following are to-day's football results:—

THE LEAGUE—Division 1.

Notts Forest	0	Notts County	2
Everton	2	Middlesborough	0
Woolwich Arsenal	3	Bury	2
Bristol City	1	Newcastle United	0
Oldham Athletic	1	Aston Villa	1
Sheffield, Wednesday	2	Tottenham Hotspur	1
Blackburn Rovers	1	Manchester United	0
Manchester City	0	Preston North End	2
Sunderland	0	Sheffield United	2
Bradford City	1	Liverpool	3

THE LEAGUE—Division 2.

Birmingham	1	Fulham	1
Blackpool	1	Leeds City	2
Bolton Wanderers	6	Leicester Fosse	2
Chelsea	3	Derby County	2
Clapton Orient	1	Stockport County	0
Glossop	3	Gainsborough Trinity	1
Huddersfield Town	0	Bradford	0
Lincoln City	1	Burnley	0
West Bromwich Albion	0	Hull City	2
Wolverhampton Wanderers	1	Barnsley	0

SOUTHERN LEAGUE—Division 1.

New Brompton	0	Millwall	2
Coventry City	3	Queen's Park Rangers	2
Southend	0	West Ham	6
Southampton	0	Luton	0
Plymouth	4	Portsmouth	0
Waterford	2	Northampton	2
Leyton	1	Brighton and Hove Albion	1
Brentford	3	Exeter City	1
Crystal Palace	2	Swindon	6
Norwich City	1	Bristol Rovers	0

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

St. Mirren	2	Aberdeen	0
Falkirk	2	Adhesonians	1
Hearts	0	Third Lanark	1
Partick Taistle	2	Hibernians	1
Dundee	2	Hamilton Acas	0
Celtic	5	Raith Rovers	0
Queen's Park	1	Clyde	2
Kilmarnock	0	Glasgow Rangers	2
Motherwell	3	Morton	2

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

London Irish	8	United Services	19
Coventry	16	London Welsh	3
Devonport Albion	53	Bristol	11
Newport	19	Northampton	0
Cardiff	29	Blackheath	0
London Scottish	20	Marlborough Nomads	0

EUROPEAN SCHOOLS IN INDIA.

Conference of Joint Committees.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN 1.

The Conference of the Joint Committees in connection with European schools in India, completed its session yesterday, Sir Robert Laidlaw presiding, and those present included the Bishop of Calcutta and other visitors. A number of resolutions was passed. The more important of the resolutions are: (1) Urging the rendering of these schools more efficient, in view of the increasing difficulty of finding suitable occupations for children of the domiciled community; (2) Advocating the improvement of the staffs of the schools, especially in the lower classes. In this connection the resolutions state, that whilst considering it necessary that, for the present, qualified teachers should as hitherto, be brought from abroad, the Conference regards it as equally necessary that such efficient training should be provided in India as should make it possible for locally recruited candidates to fully equip themselves for the teaching profession, and, further, the Conference considers that every qualified teacher should enjoy a reasonable salary, increasing with long service and some provision for a retiring allowance and a fair security of the tenure. (3) Pressing upon the Government the fact that the Imperial Revenue should bear a considerably larger share of the cost than hitherto.

THE INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, DEC. 31.

The following further resolutions were adopted at the sitting of the Industrial Conference:—(1) That it is desirable to bring Joint Stock Company's Law in India in line with the law in England with modifications to suit the country; (2) Regretting the abolition of the Department of Industries in Madras, and protesting against the policy laid down by the Secretary of State not to pioneer new industries; (3) that it is essential that the Government should make adequate the import duty on foreign sugar in order to enable the indigenous industry to hold its own.

Ex-King Manuel was recently in London in connection with a gathering of Portuguese Royalists, including the members of his diplomatic corps.

NEW YEAR'S HONOURS.

TWO KNIGHTHOODS FOR BOMBAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 1.

The following "Gazette" Extraordinary was issued to-day:—

TO BE G. C. S. I.

Sir Steuart Colvin Bayley.

Sir Dennis Fitzpatrick.

Sir William Lee Warner.

TO BE K. C. S. I.

Mr. J. O. Miller.

Mr. Lionel Montague Jacob.

Mr. Murray Hammick.

TO BE C. S. I.

Major-General R. K. Mahon.

Mr. M. W. Fenton.

Lieut.-Col. A. F. Pinhey.

Capt. A. T. Hunt, Commanding the "Fox" Brigade.

Mr. J. Mollison.

Pirajirao Bapu Saheb Ghatge of Kagal.

Mr. Baddock of the Indian Office.

TO BE K. C. I. E.

Rear Admiral E. J. W. Slade.

Mr. J. Benton.

TO BE C. I. E.

Mr W. B. Wood.

Lt.-Colonel G. G. Gordon V. D.

Colonel R. C. Broome.

Colonel F. Goodwin V. D.

Lt.-Colonel G. F. Chenevix Trench.

Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell C S.

Mr. A. B. Barnard.

Mr. J. A. Guider.

Mr. J. P. Warburton.

Mr. J. W. D. Johnstone of Gwalior.

Fakir Sayad Iftakhar-Uddin, lately British Agent at Kabul.

KNIGHTHOODS.

Knighthoods are conferred on the following:—

Mr. A. M. Ker.

Mr. H. E. E. Procter.

Lt. Colonel D. Semple, R. A. M. C.

KAISER-I-HIND MEDALS (Gold)

Lady Chenevix-Trench.

Lady Muir-Mackenzie.

Lt. Colonel H. Smith, I. M. S.

Mrs. E. Davies.

Major T. W. E. Irvine I. M. S.

Khan Ardeshir Dinshawji Chinoi of C. P.

For addition of a Bar.

Mrs. A. Firth of San Thome.

KAISER-I-HIND (Silver) medals.

Lieut. Col. F. A. C. Kreyer I. A

Mrs. Mitter of Jullundur,

Mama Gyi of Prome.

Mrs. Jwala Prasad of Muzaffernagar.

Babu Lal Bihari Shag of Entally.

Dr. C. Banks of Calcutta.

Mrs. Sasi Mukhti Nag of Dacca,

Revd. F. V. B. Schultze of Salur.

Miss. Bertha Thorne of Delhi,

Sheik Sala Uddin of Betul.

Munshi Gulam Hafiz Mahomed of Ajmer.

Lala Ramdas of Dera Ismail Khan.

Major R. C. Blackham R. A. M. C.

SALUTES.

Salutes of nineteen and eleven guns respectively to the Raja of Cochin and to the Sultan of Alhauta Lahej were granted.

The following are Bombay Indian Honours:—

TO BE KHAN BAHADUR.

Shaikh Sadik Ali Sher Ali of Khairpur.

Abdul Kadar Makawi of Aden.

Ali Mahammed Ali Akhund of Sind.

Yusuf Ali Yakubali Jamadar, Barrister-at-Law, of Baroda.

TO BE RAI BAHADUR.

Chaudhuri Pulandar Singh of Narsinghpur.

Sath Jiwandas of Jubbulpore.

TO BE RAO BAHADUR.

Rao Saheb Naraewan Yeshwant Prabhan of Kolhapur.

Dewan Balchand Dayaram of Hyderabad (Sind).

Venkatrao Subbarao Kopikar, Assistant to Commissioner of Southern Division of Bombay.

Dr. D. R. W. Dandekar, Honorary Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. H. L. Bharve of Nagpur.

TO BE KHAN SAHIB.

Shaik M. S. Selar, Sub Inspector of Police, Satara.

Mahamurkhan Ismail Khan of Kolaba (Bombay).

Haji Suleman Ghulamhusain of Karachi.

Saiyid Muinuddin Saiyid Hussain, Assistant Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bombay.

Sayid Nizamudin, Residency Hospital, Hyderebad (Deccan).

Munshi Nadir Hoosein Kamdar of Central India.

Manockji Bezonji, Fifth Divisional Office, Central India.

Jamadar Jalal Khan, Line Guards, Mekran Coast.

TO BE RAO SAHEB.

Seth Ganesh Ram of Raipur.

Pundit Kirparam of Raigarh.

S S. Salvi, Police Inspector of Kolaba.

Mr. B, R. Navalkar, Accountant, P. W. D. Bombay.

Adveppa C. Augadi, Local Board, Lingayat, Bombay.

G. R. Kalyanpurkar Collector's Office, Belgaum.

S. P. Shevaram of Karachi.

S. J. Deshmukh, Landholder, Bijapur.

S. B. Mahanshetti, Landholder of Belgaum.

A. W. Shete, Municipal Office, Bombay.

G. J, Bhalerao, Head Master, Murtisapur (C. P.)

DETAILS.

The K. C. S. I.'s to Mr. J. O. Miller, Mr. L. M. Jacob and Mr. M. Hammick are conferred upon Officials, who have done long services respectively in the Viceroy's Executive Council in the Public Works Department and the Madras Government.

The C. S. I.'s go the Head of Ordnance Department, General Mahon; a distinguished Punjab Civilian, Mr. Fenton; a late Private Secretary to the Viceroy, Colonel Pimbey; the Commander of one of the vessels employed in the Persian Gulf Blockade, Captain Hunt; an India Office Official, Mr. Badock; the Head of the Agricultural Department, Mr. Mollison; and to a distinguished Ruling Chief, the Chief of Kagal.

The K. C. I. E.'s go to the Admiral of the Squadron in Indian Waters, Admiral Slade, and the Head of the Irrigation Department Mr. Benton.

The C. I. E.'s go to the officiating Foreign Secretary Mr. Wood; to the Commandant of a Bengal Mounted Rifles, Col. Gordon; the Head of the Remount Department, Col. Brooms; the Commandant, Second Bombay Baroda Railway Volunteers, Col. GoodCin; a Senior Political Officer, Colonel Chenevix Trench; a Madras Governor's Private Secretary, Mr. Campbell; a Criminal Intelligence Officer, Mr. Barnard; a Bombay Police Officer, Mr. Guider; a retired Patiala Official, Mr. Warburton; a Gwalior Official, Mr. Johnstone, and a late Kabul Agent, Fakir Syed Iftikaruddin.

The Knighthoods go to a distinguished Banker, Mr. Ker; a well known Public man of Bombay, Mr. Procter, and a successful Scientist Colonel Semple.

The Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Medals go to the wife of the late Senior Member of Bombay Coucil, Lady Muir Mackenzie; a Punjab Civil Surgeon, Colonel Smith; the head of the Minto Nursing Association, Mrs. Davies; the late Residency Surgeon at Mewar, Major Irvine; and a retired District Judge, Mr. Chinai.

A Kaiser-i-Hind Bar goes to Mrs. Amelia Firth of San Thome.

The Kaiser-I-Hind Silver Medals go to a Cantonment Magistrate, Colonel Kreyer; a retired Inspectress of Schools, Mrs Mitter; a Burmese Lady, Mama Gyi; the wife of United Provinces, Collector, Mrs Jwala Prasad; the founder of a school for the blindin Calcutta, Babu Dall Bikari Shah; the Calcutta Protector of Emigrants, Dr. Banks; a lady Hospital Assistant, Mrs. Nagi; a leper asylum Superintendent, Mr. Schultze; a Baptist Lady Missionary Miss Thorne; a Central Provinces Zemindar, Sheikh Salauddin; an Ajmer Municipal Commissioner, Munshi Gulam Hafiz Mahomed; a Hospital Assistant, Lala Ramdas, and a Punjab Sanitary Officer, Major R. J. Blackham.

HONOURS LIST, MILITARY.

It is notified that the increase of two First Class and five Second Class appointments in the Order of British India for Imperial Service Troops are sanctioned.

The establishment is to consist of twelve first and twenty-five second class appointments.

With reference to the above First Class with title of Sirdar Bahadur is conferred upon Brigadier General Sardar Abdul Ghani of Gwalior and Major General Nehal Singh of Gilgit and also Second Class with the title of Bahadur upon Lt. Colonel Shripatrao Ingley of Gwalior, Sardar Mohamed Ramzan Khan of Patiala and Sardar Natha Nag of Hind.

Indian distinguished Service Medal is conferred on Subedar Khandu Jadhu of 110th Mahrattsas and Subedar Akbar Ali of Kurtum Militia.

THE OPIUM TRADE.

Chinese Programme of Reduction.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S OFFER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 31.

The following Press Communique is issued:—The complicated negotiations over the future of the opium trade, which have been proceeding at Pekin during the last year seem still to be at some distance from a conclusion.

On one phase of the question, however, the Government of India have decided to take immediate action. It is intended to remove a grievance upon which China laid much stress, and which appeared likely to interfere with the prospects of a satisfactory settlement of the outstanding differences between the British and the Chinese Governments.

When the original agreement was signed in 1908, it will be remembered that a provision was made for a progressive reduction of our Indian exports by 5,100 chests a year. This figure represented one tenth of the average China consumption, which was taken as roughly 51,000 chests, out of our total average exports of 67,000 chests, the balance of 16,000 chests being the normal export to Singapore and other consuming centres outside China.

The programme of reduction has been scrupulously observed and will continue during 1911. China, however, has complained that her imports of Indian opium have not diminished in the same proportion as our reduced imports. The fact of course is that the extraordinarily high prices ruling in China have attracted opium which formerly found a market elsewhere, and China is thus failing to secure the full advantage of India's sacrifices.

Although this difficulty was clearly foreseen and pointed out to China before the original agreement was concluded, the British Government has unhesitatingly offered to help China in any further steps that may be necessary to meet as part of a reasonable settlement of the general questions now under discussion. The only effective measure for the reduction of imports will clearly be to prohibit the admission into the Treaty Ports of a larger quantity of opium than is supposed to leave India for the China Market. Meanwhile, as an evidence of India's readiness to co-operate and in order to secure equitable treatment for our diminishing trade while it lasts, the Government has decided to issue special certificates for all opium which from the January 1, 1911, onwards leaves India under declaration that it is destined for consumption in China.

The amount which will thus be certified in 1911 will be 30,600 chests. Though the total Calcutta sales and Malwa exports during the year will aggregate 46,600 chests the exact procedure for marking the chests and the form of permit or certificate will be subsequently settled. There is no question of closing the Treaty Ports to uncertificated opium at present, and every effort will be made to ensure that ample notice is given to the trade before this step is taken, as part of a proper settlement of our other differences with China over the opium question. But the introduction of the certificate procedure is intended to secure the earliest possible protection for India's legitimate trade and to reduce the risk of future complications in a situation of considerable difficulty.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, DEC. 31.

A Mahomedan Porter-Maistry of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, on alighting from a brake-van and attempting to cross the lines to reach the platform of the Bangalore city station to-day, did not observe a light engine coming up. He was run over, one leg being completely served from the trunk. The man lived only long enough to make a statement to the police and to be removed to hospital.

I. M. S. PROMOTIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 1.

To be Brevet Colonel:—Lt. Colonels J. B. Bannerman and H. F. Cleveland.

To be Brevet Major:—Capt. S. R. Christophers.

Mr. Alton, of the English Radium Institute, has bought from the Austrian Ministry of Works, on behalf of Sir Ernest Cassel, one gramme of radium for the sum of £15,000. The radium is a gift by Sir Ernest Cassel to the Institute, says the 'Times,' and is intended for use in cancer research. In consideration of the large amount purchased, the Austrian Ministry of Works reduced the regular price of £16,666 per gramme to £15,000.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF ARTS.

Mr. Chisholm and the Taj.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 16.

THERE was a crowded and influential audience at the Royal Society of Arts yesterday, when Mr. Robert F. Chisholm, the well known architect, read before the Indian Section a delightful paper on "The Taj Mahal and its Relation to Indian Architecture." As was appropriate, Mr. Chisholm did not overload his paper with technical matter, the object being, as he pointed out, to show wherein the beauty of the incomparable monument lies—"a beauty which is dependent not only on its immediate surroundings, but on the state of the weather, the time of day, and even the artistic discernment of the beholder." Though ready to admire the proportions and to admit that the Taj would be a remarkable building under any light and constructed materials, Mr. Chisholm regarded it from another point of view. "What I desire to point out," he said," "is that the the startling ethereal appearance is not due to scholastic architecture, and could hardly have originated in an architecturally-trained intelligence, for such an intelligence is antagonistic to this principle of subordinstion, and delights in producing brilliant contrasts; it is rather an artistic thought, the idea of an artist, a man who loved light and could divide it into a hundred shades; a man who said to himself, 'I have here practically an inexhaustible purse, the most lustrous material the world can produce, and the brilliance of a tropical sun. I will use my materials as I would paint a picture, subordinating all the deep shadows on the bulding, so that it will appear ponderous, yet cloud-like, rising like a dream-palace out of a garden consisting of the deepest foliage procurable.' The effect which the building produces on the observer leaves artist's success beyond a doubt, for the man with the idea has portrayed materially the subtleties of pictorial values, which neither picture nor photograph can fix; in fact, he did for this style of art what Shakespeare did for the drama of his day, and the Taj will always be condemned or exalted in exact proportion to the perception of the idea." By the way, Mr. Chisholm considers that the best description of the "stupendous jewel," as Sir W. W. Hunter called it, is that given by Sir Frederick Treves, another globe-trotter of the sort all welcome. "Everyone," he says, "who visits Argamand Banu's tomb for the first time, approaches it with curiosity, tinged probably by a faint disposition to be hostile. So much has been written about this wonderful building, so much rhapsody has been lavished upon it that there is some suspicion of over-praise. The claim that it is the most beautiful building in the world is a claim that many at once resent. Its outlines are familiar enough from pictures and models, and it may be that they hardly warrant unrestricted ecstacy. The visitor proposes to himself to put sentiment aside and review the building critically . . . to submit it to a common-sense inspection, for he is inclined to believe the Taj Mahal to be a much overrated monument. He has, indeed, already imagined himself on his return home giving to his friends evidence of his originality by asserting that as for the Taj he sees nothing in it. . . With the first sight of the Taj Mahal there comes only a sense of indefinable pleasure, it is no mere feeling of admiration, still less of amazement. No mere delight in a splendid building, because it does not impress one as a building. There is a sudden vision, and with it a sudden sense of ineffable satisfaction, as if in the place of a marble dome the garden had been filled with divine music. All intended criticism is forgotten; there is nothing that appeals to the judgment or that suggests the weighing of opinions. There is merely a something that touches the finest sense of what is tender, beautiful, and lovable—a white cloud, luminous, intangible, translucent!" In the course of an interesting speech the Chairman, Sir William Lee Warner, said that it is in the devotional and monumental work and not in domestic architecture that the heart of India is touched and makes a serious endeavour to express its ideals in stone. And as the Hindu religion differs fundamentally from the Mohammedan, the difference asserts itself in their temples and monuments just as in their customs and habits of life. Happily (he added) the Taj does not speak only to the architect nor only to the Mohammedan, it appeals straight to the heart of all who see it as no other building in the world appeals and Indian architecture has enriched the inhabited universe and proved that the highest ideals and dreams of human genius can be expressed in stone as well as verse. Sir George Birdwood and Sir Stewart Bayley also took part in the discussion.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Programme for Coming Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 31.

The official programme for next Tuesday's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council is published. The Indian Factories Bill, the Inventions and Designs Bill, the Registration of Criminal Tribes Bill, the Indian Tramways Bill, and the Native Indian Forces Bill will be referred to Select Committees, and an Indian Ports Act Amendment Bill and a Bill to amend the Opium Act of 1857 will be introduced. The new members of the Council will take the oath, and a number of questions will be put and answered.

The Select Committee for the Indian Factories Bill comprises the Hon'ble Mr. Clark, who moves the reference, and the Hon'ble Messrs Syed Ali Imam, Graham, Dadabhoy, Gokhale, Andrew, Quin, Macpherson, Robertson, Fremantle and Birkmyre, and also Sir Vithaldas Thackersey and Sir Sassoon David.

The Indian Ports Bill will be introduced by Mr. Butler who also forms one of the Select Committee to which it is to be referred.

The Opium Bill is to be introduced by Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson and will be passed at the meeting.

The questions to be asked are not yet published.

It is understood that the Hon. Mr. Monteath, Chairman of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, also Sir Vithaldas Thackersey and Sir Sassoon David, will represent the views of the Bombay Millowners and Mr. A. Birkmyre and Mr. C. W. Graham those of the Calcutta Jute Industry.

The Hon'ble Mr. Robertson, who has been in charge of the Factories Bill from the beginning, will probably explain it in Council, as the measure is likely to prove a contentious one.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Clarke, the newly appointed Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, was thrown from his pony and broke his collar bone on Wednesday but is doing his work as usual.

HINDU-MAHOMEDAN CONFERENCE.

Sir W. Wedderburn's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 1.

A very well attended meeting of Hindus and Mahomedans was held this morning at the Raja's Hotel. There were present H. H. The Aga Khan, Nawab Vikar-Mulk, Bahadur, the Prince of Arcot, Munshi Aziz Mirza, Honorary Secretary, the Moslem League, the Hon'ble Shamsuluddin, the Hon'ble Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, the Hon'ble Ibrahim Rahimullah, the Hon'ble Nawab Syed Mahomed, the Hon'ble Nawab Sarfaj Hasan, the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi, the Hon'ble Mr. Aftab Ahmed, Mr. Syed Nabiullah, the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majid, the Hon'ble Mr. Umar Hayat Khan, the Nawab Nazir-ul-Malik, Nawab Nasurhasan Khan Khagal, the Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the Hon'ble Mr. Mazarul Haque, Mr. Mahomed Ali, Mr. Abdul Rafu, Syed Ali Bilgrami, Mr. Hasan Imam, Prince Sultan Mohamed, Mr. Vazir Hasan, Mr. Yakub Hasan, Mr. Sultan Ahmed, Mr. Haji Mahomed Musa, Mr. Kazi Kalmuddin, Mr. Hazikulmulk Hakim, Nawab Gulam Ahmed Khan, Mr. K. N. M. Malak, Mr. Ahmad Aziz of Peshawar, Mr. Abdul Aziz, Editor, "Observer", Mr. Sultan Ahmed, Mr. Makbul Alum, Syed Zahoor Ahmed, Mr. Zahoor Ahmed, Shaik Abdul Khadir, Shah Mahomed Alum, Makbul Alam, and Shamiullah Beg. There were also present the Maharaja of Darbhanga, Mr. Sarada Charan Mitter, Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee, Babu Ganga Prosad Varma, Mr. Motilal Nehru, Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Dip Nissan Singh, Mr. Lal Chand, Mr. Samarth, the Hon'ble Subba Rao, Mr. K. N. Mudholkar, Mr. Dharma Das Suri, Mr. Ram Buj Datt Chaudhari, Mr. Dwarkanath, Mr. Pyarilal, Mr. Govinda Sahai Sharma, Debi Prosd Shaltia, Mr. Iswar Sara, Mr. Janki Nath, Rajah Prithipal Singh, Srikrishna Joshi, Mr. Bhupendra Nath Basu, Mr. J. Ghosal, Mr. Goluk Nath Misra and Hon Mr. Gokhale.

SIR W. WEDDERBURN'S SPEECH.

Sir William Wedderburn, in opening the proceedings, said:—

Your Highness, Maharaja Bahadur and Gentlemen.—I feel much honoured by your invitation to me to take the chair on this occasion. It is most generous of you thus to condone my rashness in intervening in so delicate a matter as the relation between two great communities of India. My excuse is that I wish well to both the communities and I feel acutely that the growing tension between them is a serious menace to the progress and prosperity of this country. With Hindus and Mahomedans working cordially together in public interest a great and happy future for India is assured, without it all efforts to achieve national progress must prove more or less unavailing. Gentlemen, I have no wish to underrate the difficulties in your path, but the very fact that so many Hindus and Mahomedan leaders have met together, animated by a common desire to help in finding a solution of those difficulties, is to my mind a matter of great significance and an augury for good for the future of this land. I think, I may say, we are here to-day not necessarily to reach definite conclusions, if that is found impracticable, but (1) to have a free and frank interchange of views made in a temperate and friendly spirit on the more important questions that divide the two communities; secondly (2) to discuss what common ground there is for joint action by the two communities and to arrange, if possible, for such joint action, and (3) thirdly to ensure where the Hindus and Mahomedans must differ that the controversies and pursuits of different interests shall be conducted without unnecessary bitterness and with a reasonable regard for the legitimate interests of either party. I think these are important objects and I am sure, you will all agree that whatever the result of this conference may be it was worth our while to have assembled to consider how they could be promoted. Gentlemen, as I have already mentioned publicly I had the advantage before leaving England of a consultation in this matter with such distinguished Indian leaders as His Highness the Aga Khan, Sir Pherozshah Mehta and Mr. Ameer Ali and since coming to this country I have taken every opportunity that could be found to ascertain the views of a number of other leading Hindu and Mahomedan gentlemen. Nothing has struck me more than the fact that the present estrangement, and I fear, I must say, growing estrangement, between the two communities is deeply deplored by leaders on both sides who regret and condemn the general charges made by irresponsible persons against the character and motives of either community. There is also a fairly general recognition of the fact that it is the duty of leading men on both sides to work now for conciliation as without such conciliation the peace and well-being of India are in serious danger. If, gentlemen, you think that these statements are right, a temperate and friendly interchange of views on such questions as may be brought up for consideration at to-day's meeting should find us nearer to and not farther from the object we all have at heart. It is not for me to say what you should do at this conference but one suggestion I will venture to make and it is this, even if you are not able to arrive at a definite conclusion on any question coming up before you to-day, I think you might agree to appoint a small committee of influential men from both sides and refer to it such matters as appear capable of adjustment in friendly consultation, matters like the creation of conciliation boards. The committee is to make definite recommendations after further deliberation. I respectfully hope this suggestion will commend itself to both sides. I cannot close my remarks without expressing my sense of His Highness the Aga Khan's great courtesy in abridging the proceedings at Nagpur and bringing to Allahabad for this conference so many leading Mahomedan gentlemen as no one of the Hindus could undertake to issue corresponding invitations. I ventured to write and ask a few Hindu leaders to be present and I am grateful to them for their kind response.

MEMORANDUM OF BUSINESS.

The following memorandum of business was before the Conference:—1 The establishment of conciliation boards as suggested by the London Muslim League to the Secretary of State; (2) representation to Government to re-establish courts of arbitration; (3) combined efforts to discourage litigation and to reduce its cost which in fact is draining the resources of the country and bringing ruin and misery to hundreds of well-to-do families, Hindu and Mahomedan; (4) the abolition on both sides of the system of boycott against each other; (5) the abolition on both sides of rings in Government offices and departments of State to keep out or to oust members of either community; (6) stoppage on both sides of endeavours to proscribe the language of either side; (7) as the Mahomedans are in a minority and are often unable to secure, in spite of all good-will, adequate representation on representative bodies such as Local and District Boards and Municipal Corporations recognition of their claims to communal representation on a fair and equitable basis; (8) combined efforts to economic developme...

by discouraging high rates of interest and if possible limiting the same; (9). discouraging of forced sales of mortgaged properties; (10) recognition on both sides of the religious institutions of both communities such as Debutter and Wakf and abstention on either side from bringing them to sale.

Supplementary: 10 (a) National education; (10) (b) Provocative propaganda of the Arya Samaj; 10 (c) Understanding regarding cow-killing and music before mosques: As the muslims are bound to be in ... in any case no question should ... the Muslims as represented ... League may look upon ... their communal interests.

His Highness ... statement on ... Mr. Saroda ... for the ... upon ... the ...

... derburn, ... ed and His ... pied the chair. ... followed on the ... mercial representation ... ments for Mahomedan ... finally resolved to refer ..., as also of cow-killing and ... mosques to a committee of 8 ... and eight Mahomedans, and at the ... ce of the Aga Khan, Hon. Mr. Gokhale ... added to the Committee.

The Committee will consist of Hon'ble Pandit M. M. Malvaiya, Mr. Ganga Prasad Verma, Mr. Harkishen Lal, Maharaja of Durbhanga, Mr. Saroda Charan Mitra, Mr. Surendra Nath Banerji, Lala Munshi Ram, Mr. Harthandra Rai Vishandas, Hon'ble Nawab Syed Muhammad, Mr. Aziz Mirza, Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majeed, Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla, Hon'ble Mr. Shamsul Huda, Mr. Raffiuddin Ahmed, Hon. Mian Muhammed Safi and Mr. Nabialla and Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale. The proceedings concluded with a brief speech of Sir William Wedderburn, who thanked the members and bade him good-bye.

Mr. Jinnah moved a vote of thanks to the Chair and was seconded by Mr. Ganga Prasad Verma. It is estimated that 100 delegates were present, sixty Hindus and forty Mahomedans.

Sir William Wedderburn, interviewed said that he was delighted with the manner in which two sides conducted themselves in the conference and expressed his special appreciation of statesmanlike speech made by His Highness the Aga Khan on behalf of the Mahomedans and the dignified and conciliatory statement, so much like a judical pronouncement, with which Mr. Saroda Charun Mitra followed. "I think," said Sir William, "we have done a good work and there was much to encourage all parties in this morning's proceedings."

His Highness the Aga Khan, interviewed said, that he was gratified with the results of this morning's conference and that with a little patience and give and take, the Hindu-Moslem problems will be solved. His Highness continued that both Hindus and Moslems must recognise that their progress on political and social matters depend upon their recognition of identity of interests or interdependence and added that he was quite confident that good results will follow.

THE VAISHYA CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 31.

The Vaishya Conference opened to-day at the Congress Pandal, the Hon'ble Lala Sukbber Singh of the U. P. Council was elected president and delivered a long address in the vernacular dealing with the social, moral and educational problems affecting the community. The Hon'ble Lala Ramunaj Dyal read the annual report, and the rest of the day was occupied in the reading of various reports.

A SEQUEL TO CALCUTTA RIOTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31.

The police, yesterday, recovered a quantity of piece-goods from a Marwari's house which have since been identified as having been looted from the shop of Korban Hussain Mohamed Ali, of Bombay, merchants in the Armenian Street, in the recent riots. Three arrests have been made.

THE GERMAN CROWN PRINCE.

German Comments on the Kaiser's Heir.

The German Crown Prince, like his Imperial father, has already been obliged to face some public criticisms, having been attacked in some quarters in this country for his love of open-air pastimes and his predilection for theatrical performances of a light character. The "Tagliscbe Rundschau" now publishes the following defence of the Crown Prince:—

"When the future Emperor is discussed in Berlin, one hears again and again unfavourable verdicts on the alleged fact that the Crown Prince, in marked contrast to his father, takes no interest in the higher forms of art, but devotes himself permanently to the circus, athletic games, and various forms of outdoor sports, as well as to all kinds of amusements of a frivolous character. His tastes in the last respect are said to be characterised by the repeated visits of a well-known Berlin cabaret to his house to give performances there.

"We are informed that this opinion of the Crown Prince is based on the false assumption that the Crown Prince's programme of recreation is limited to such pastimes and entertainments as mentioned above; in point of fact ... sports which have become public on the ... give an entirely false impression of the ... the future Emperor. For instance, it is ... that this particular cabaret has repeatedly ... formances in the Crown Prince's palace, but other ... artists have done the same thing without advertising their achievements in full publicity.

ARTISTIC ASSOCIATES.

"A number of leading Berlin painters, musicians, and actors associated systematically with the Crown Prince without advertising their friendship with him in any way. The same may be said of certain learned men and explorers. Professor Kampf and the Bavarian explorer, Lieutenant Filchner, well known for his journeys through Thibet, and now through his South Polar expedition, have often been guests in the Crown Prince's palace.

"Concerning the Crown Prince's liking for outdoor pastimes, it may be stated that he favours the propagation of a love of sport in Germany, but disapproves of copying too slavishly the sporting methods of other countries. He is continually searching for some sport which would be equally popular among all classes of the population, and which might, at the same time, develop into a characteristically national German pastime."

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities; hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove ... unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or ... smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being ... in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a ... to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovers, ... Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesales ... Kingdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

Extra Meeting.

... of the Bombay Races ... the interval of a fortnight ... that the holiday season was ... when people prefer to spend ... and have probably already spent ... of their money—the attendance was ... business in the ring was brisk. The band ... R.I. P. Railway Volunteers enlivened the ... intervals between the races. The afternoon's card was productive of large fields, there being so many entries for the Newcomers' Plate that this event was divided into three races. As its name suggests, the Newcomers' Plate introduced fields of new Arabs, and the punters were more or less in the dark as to which horse to back. The prices with the books were in many instances good, but the betting was much the same as at the previous meetings this season, when it might be said that second favourites won, in most instances. However, the totalisator paid out Rs. 166-8 on Aga and Rs. 434 for Chaman, the second placed horse in the same race.

In the first race of the day, Ready Cash and Sandridge were probably more sought after than Aga, which, however, was backed by many. Much speculation was rife, in the second division of the New Comers' Plate, as to the respective chances of Singer and Sir Albert, whilst many backers fancied Duke Foote and Red Monk; but Rangoon was installed as favourite, and the race itself, won cleverly by Evans, provided the most exciting finish of the day, Fahad trying his best on Sir Albert. The Old Year Plate was somewhat disappointing, only three horses starting. Wine Merchant was at once made favourite at six to four on, Comeback and Coquette being only backed for places. In the race, Coquette never started, and Butters on Wine Merchant won with ease. The Selling Plate—the mile race of the day—was probably the most unexpected event to the punters. Azzad, Silvermine and Woolwinder all found favour with the general public, but in the race, Meazer took the lead at seven furlongs, and, after that, won easily. Sulaik scored another easy win in the Moderate Plate, beating Hamdoon which was made favourite. There was more than one favourite for the Desert Plate. Salanie, Abdul Malik and Creditor, were all backed to win, and more than one backer considered that Shanwar and Minerva at sevens were worthy of consideration. Abdul Malik, however, was ridden to victory by Evans, without there being any doubt as to the result when once he had reached the straight. In the last race of the day, although much money was placed on Steward, Yussuf Pasha was well patronised and he justified his supporters by winning a good race, Young Majub, who lead to the band, managed to retain third place, and is a pony who may do better things.

THE NEWCOMERS' PLATE.—(Divided)—Distance 1-2 mile 2-45 p. m.
Mr Ali bin Talib's Aga 9st 11lbs.....Butters 1
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Chaman 7st 5lbs (carried 7st 11lbs).....Abdoola 2
Mr M Goculdass' Maisara 9ss 11bs.....Heeroo 3

ALSO RAN:—Ready Cash, 9st 11b; Great Gun, 9st 11b; Merry Task, 8st 12lbs (carried 9st); Izzat Baig, 8st 12lbs; Symington, 8st 9lbs; Sirdar Usfa 8st 9lbs; Young Hudban, 8st 3lbs (carried 8st 4lbs); Melek, 8st 3lbs; Sadoon Pasha, 8st; Sundridge 8st; Agent, 8st; Austria, 8st; Goalpara, 7st 8lbs (carried 7st 13lbs); Medallist, 6st 13lbs (carried 7st 3lbs.)

THE BETTING:—3 to 1 against Ready Cash, 4 to 1 against Aga, Sundridge and Maisara, 5 to 1 against Medallist, 6 to 1 against Agent, tens and longer odds the rest.

The totalisator paid Rs. 166-8 for the win and Rs. 38, Rs. 434 and Rs. 36-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Ready Cash lead away from the rest who were in a bunch. At the three furlongs, Aga came up second and in the straight won fairly easily, Chaman being second. Won by half a length, a neck between second and third. Time 57 secs.

(Winner trained by Mustapha bin Talib.)

THE NEWCOMERS' PLATE.—(Divided) Distance 1-2 mile.
Mr D G Dhere's Rangoon (late Affeef), 9st 11b.....Evans 1
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Sir Albert, 8st 3lbs...Fahad 2
Mr Ali bin Talib's Singer, 8st 12lbs.....Butters 3

ALSO RAN:—Brazze 9st 11b, Grace Darling 9st 11b, Fusilka 9st 11b, Brave Lad 9st 11b, Balkan 8st 9lbs, Red Monk 8st 6lbs, Duke Foote 8st 6lbs, Shojelly 8st 3lbs (carried 8st 4lbs), Sir John 8st, Burg 7st 11lbs, Zebid 7st 11lbs, Dimshak 7st 11lbs (carried 7st 12lbs), Kamil Baig 7st 8lbs, Protector 7st 2lbs (carried 7st 3lbs).

THE BETTING:—Even money Rangoon, 3 to 1 against Sir Albert, 4 to 1 against Singer and Red Monk, 6 to 1 against Protector, 8 to 1 against Kamil Beg, tens and longer odds the rest.

The totalisator paid Rs. 40 6 for the win and Rs. 18-8, Rs. 26-8 and Rs. 19-8 for places.

THE RACE:—Duke Foote got away followed by Sir Albert. At the three furlongs, Rangoon came up and although Evans was challenged by Fahad on Sir Albert coming into the straight, he rode a fine finish on the favourite and won clearly. Won by a neck; one and a half lengths. Time 56 2-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Sheikh Kassum.)

THE OLD YEAR PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs; 3 45 p.m.
Mr R G Baldock's Wine Merchant, 8st 5lbs, Butters... 1
Mr Byramjee Rustomjee's Comeback, 8st 11b, Brown... 2

THE BETTING:—6 to 4 on Wine Merchant, 6 to 4 against Comeback, 4 to 1 against Coquette.

The totalisator paid Rs. 18 on the winner.

THE RACE:—Coquette refused to leave the gate, and Comeback and Wine Merchant went a furlong together, the former having the advantage of the lead. At the bend the favourite came away and won easily. Won by three and a half lengths. Time 1 min. 18 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained by T. Harrison).

SELLING PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile, 4-15 p. m.
Messrs M Goculdass' and Ali bin Talib's Meazer, 9st 11b .....Yussuf 1
Mr M Goculdass' Dilerjung, 7st 10lbs, (carried 7st 12lbs) .....Heeroo 2
Mr Abdoola Mana's Rocksand, 7st 11lbs..... 3

ALSO RAN:—Hundred 9st 6lbs, Silvermine 9st, Woolwinder 8st 12lbs, Azzad 8st 10lbs, Straight Tip 8st 3lbs, Kishra 8st 2lbs (carried 9st 3lbs), Shabash 8st, Fairfield 7st 5lbs (carried 7st 7lbs), Khalas 7st 11b.

THE BETTING:—Even money Azzad, 2 to 1 against Silvermine, 4 to 1 against Meazer and Woolwinder 5 to 1 against Dilerjung and Fairfield, tens and longer odds the rest.

The totalisator paid Rs. 65-8 for the win and Rs. 25, Rs. 36 and Rs. 83 for places.

THE RACE:—The horses left the gate all in a line. At seven furlongs they opened out and Meazer led from Chabash who at six furlongs dropped to third place. In the straight Meazer came away and won easily, Dilerjung and Rocksand striving hard for their places. Won by three lengths, a neck. Time 1 min. 56 secs.

(Winner trained by Mustapha bin Talib.)

THE MODERATE PLATE.—Distance—About 9 furlongs, 4-45 p. m.
Mr Ali bin Tallib's Sulaik 8st.....Yussuf 1
Mr E R S' Hamdoon 8st.....Brown 2
Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanji's Thaboor 8st 10lbs.....Heeroo 3

ALSO RAN:—Urgent, 10st 11b; Swallor, 8st 10lbs; Dumra, 8st 6lbs; Fahad Beg, 8st 11bs (carried 8st 5lbs); Sir Hugo, 8st (carried 8st 2lbs); Lama, 7st 10lbs.

THE BETTING:—6 to 4 against Hamdoon, 2 to 1 against Sulaik, 4 to 1 against Fahad Beg and Thaboor, 5 to 1 against Lama, Sir Hugo and Swallor, 6 to 1 against Urgent.

The totalisator paid Rs. 36 for a win, Rs. 16-8, Rs. 14 and Rs. 23 for place.

THE RACE:—Sulaik took a good lead and, at six furlongs, Swallor came up second, At three furlongs Hamdoon took third place and coming round the bend went second, Sulaik winning easily. Won by four lengths, a neck. Time 2 mins, 10 secs.

(Winner trained by Mustapha bin Talib.)

THE DESERT PLATE.—Distance—5 furlongs; 5-15 p.m.
Mr A S Comer's Abdul Malik, 8st 5lbs,...Evans 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Gold Mint, 8st 11lbs...Yussuf 2
Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's Antics, 7st 2lbs,...Native 3

ALSO RAN:—Salanie, 9st 13lbs, Winchester, 9st 6lbs, Minerva, 9st 2lbs, Creditor, 8st 12lbs, Saree, 8st 7lbs, Toronto, 8st 4lbs, Shanwar, 7st 13lbs, Mazhahim, 7st 9lbs, Real Blood, 7st 6lbs, Nishan, 7st 5lbs.

THE BETTING:—6 to 4 against Creditor, 5 to 2 against Abdul Malik, 3 to 1 against Salanie, 5 to 1 against Winchester, Gold Mint and Nishan, 6 to 1 against Mazahim, 7 to 1 against Minerva, Saree, Shanwar and Real Blood and 10 to 1 against Antica.

The totalisator paid Rs. 43 for the win and Rs. 19, Rs. 39 and Rs. 103 for places.

THE RACE:—Salanie retained a lead up to the three furlongs followed by Gold Mint. At the bend, Abdul Malik came on and easily beat Gold Mint for first place. Won by five lengths, a length. Time 1 min. 8 3-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

THE NEWCOMERS PLATE—(Divided).—Distance 1-2 mile 5-40 p.m.
Mr Kadam bin Ally's Yussuff Pasha, 7st 5lbs Brown 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Steward, 9st 11b .....Yusuf 2
Mr Jassim Mahomed Bagdady's Young Mojub, 8st 12lbs .....Mujeed 3

ALSO RAN:—Shibli Pasha 9st 11b, Sir Henry 9st 11b, Dwarka 8st 12lbs, New Guinea 8st 12lbs, Adab 8st 12lbs, Sealed Orders 8st 3lbs, British 8st 3lbs, Prism 8st, Timon 8st, Annis Pasha 8st, Swynford 7st 11lbs, Gold Block 7st 5lbs, Red Flower 6st 13lbs.

THE BETTING:—Even money Steward, 6 to 4 against Yusuf Pasha, 6 to 1 against Young Majub, 7 to 1 against Sealed Orders, Dwarka and New Guinea, 10's and 20's the rest.

The totalisator paid Rs. 38-8 for the win and Rs. 14-8, Rs. 15 and Rs. 19 for places.

THE RACE:—Young Majub made the running followed by Steward and in the straight Yussuf Pasha went past Steward and won with something in hand. Won by one and a quarter lengths, one length. Time 55 3-5 secs. The winner is now the property of "Mr. Gold."

(Winner trained by Saleh Daksel.)

MEETING AT CALCUTTA.

Tollygunj Steeplechases.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31.

The following were the results at the meeting, held at Calcutta, on Saturday last:—

PONY HUNTERS STEEPLECHASE—Distance about 2 1-4 miles.
Lochmaben, 9-8 .....Mr Barrow 1

Marconi, 12-2, was first with Scarboard, 12-7; both were disqualified on leaving the flag. Time 5 mins. 28-5 secs.

FIRST PONY STEEPLECHASE.—Distance 2 1-4 miles.
Lady Vera, 10-7 .....Northmore 1
Bandy Leg, 10-0 .....Mr Evers 2
Spec, 10-2 .....McNeilage 3

ALSO RAN:—Shannon Lass 11-9, Cocoa 9-12.

THE RACE was won by 6 lengths; 7 lengths between second and third. Time—5 minutes 14 1-5 secs.

TRIAL CHASE PLATE.—Distance 2 1-2 miles.
Tommy Daw, 10-10 .....Northmore 1
Highland Fling, 10-10.....Mr Evers 2
Bonita, 11-0 .....Mr Butler 3

THE RACE was won by 15 lengths, 20 lengths between second and third. Time—5 mins. 18 secs.

INDIAN GRAND NATIONAL.—Distance 3 miles.
Kaffirpan, 11-2.....Captain Charrington 1
Gerard, 9-13 .....Mr Miles 2
Maisonette, 9-5.....Mr Cowper 3

ALSO RAN:—Baron Athol, Circassians Best 11-5, Foy 10-12, Mystic Circle 10-7, Idle 10-2, Countenance 9-0.

THE RACE was won by threequarters of a length; 12 lengths between second and third. Time—6 mins. 41 1-5 secs.

MILITARY STEEPLECHASE.—Distance 2 1-2 miles.
Sholto, 11-4 .....Mr Butler 1
Coal, 11-8.....Mr Hilliard 2
Mandeville, 9-11 .....Mr Barrow 3

ALSO RAN:—N B 11-4, Dundee 11. (fell).

THE RACE was won by threequarters of a length; 12 lengths between second and third. Time—5 mins. 19 2-5 secs.

HUNTERS' STEEPLECHASE.—Distance 2 1-2 miles.
Takalee, 11-7.....Mr Bletsoe 1
Victor, 11-7 .....Mr Barrow 2
Wigram, 11-7 .....Mr Hilliard 3

ALSO RAN:—Trelly 11-7 (refused).

THE RACE was won by a length; 30 lengths between second and third. Time—5 mins. 33 secs.

AVENUE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Papin, 9-6 .....Trenoweth 1
Saloon, 9-7 .....Firth 2
Lester Lady, 8-5.....Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN:—Proprietor 7-12, White Heather 9-12, Yuba 8-9, Dunsinane 7.

THE RACE was won by 1-2 a length; head between second and third. Time—1 min. 18 2-5 secs.

PONY HANDICAP PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.
Beryl, 6-12 .....Davis 1
Lon, 6-12 .....Taylor 2
Wal, 8-13.....Firth 3

ALSO RAN:—Bi to fashion 8-9, A B C 8-5.

The RACE was won by 1 1-2 lengths; a neck between second and third. Time—1 min, 4 3-5 secs.

ALL INDIA CHESS TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JANUARY 1.

The All India Chess Tournament, in connection with the Exhibition, has concluded. The Championship for the trophy and Rs. 150 has been awarded to Morbhat G. Bhat of Sangli, Kolapur. Kissenlal of Muttra has won the second prize of Rs. 200.

In the minor tournament, the first prize, a silver cup and Rs. 200 was won by Gurbuksh Rai of Gujranwalla and the second prize (Rs. 100) by Mr. D. N. Mukerjee of Calcutta. The problem-solving competition prize of Rs. 50 was devided between Dube of Benares and Mukerjee of Calcutta. Prince Gawar Hussain of Palanpur presented the trophy and cup for the minor tournament.

WRESTLING AT ALLAHABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 31.

To-day was the final day of the wrestling tournament at Allahabad. After an amusing bout, Langrachabe, the lame wrestler of the Raja of Tamkohi, inspite of his deformity, easily threw his opponent. Mehr. Singh, wrestler of the Raja of Amethi, and was declared United Provinces Champion and presented with a medal by the Hon'ble Mr. Porter, who also presented Gama of Lahore with a large trophy and Miranbux, wrestler of the Maharaja of Rewa, with a smaller one, for their successes in the arena.

MINIATURE RIFLE MATCH.

BOMBAY CUSTOMS, M. R. C. VS. BOMBAY VOL. RIFLES, M. R. C.

BOMBAY CUSTOMS.

		25 yards.	50 yards.	Total.
Mr Rhenius	...	95	93	8
Mr Soundy	...	92	94	6
Mr Clarke	...	97	89	186
Mr Selkirk	...	93	89	182
Mr Boylette	...	93	82	175
Mr Hayward	...	86	82	168
Mr Mooney	...	87	80	167
Mr Veevers	...	84	78	162
		727	687	1,414

BOMBAY VOL. RIFLES.

Cr Sergt Gidney	...	97	93	190
Vol Colyer, G	...	93	91	184
Sergt-Major Wale	...	89	92	181
C S Instr Kearsey	...	94	86	180
Vol Lattey	...	82	91	173
Lieut Ward	...	84	89	173
Vol Colyer, R	...	77	89	166
Corpl Gindell	...	79	82	161
		695	713	1,408

YACHTING IN BOMBAY.

(BY RUDDER.)

Oh! blow, blow ye winds, your advent is much desired by the few yachting residents in Bombay. This season has proved, up to date, to be one of the dullest on record as regards wind; but now 1910 has slipped over the sea, perhaps the new year will usher in something more than an occasional puff from the west on a Saturday afternoon.

Our welcome guest, S. M. S. "Gneisenau," has been found to carry one of the Kaiser's best yachtsmen. So the Commodore and Sailing Committee placed the 8 metre Club yacht Mahshuha at the disposal of the officers of the "Gneisenau" to race on Saturday with two days' run of the yacht to become "au fait" with her gear and peculiarities. In Saturday's race the Mahshuha was steered by one of the crew of the old Rainbow, who, it will be remembered, took part in the trans-Atlantic race some five and a half years ago for the German Emperor's Cup; her performance was worthy of such a skipper as her timings on the various legs of the course were excellent and the result was a splendid win. We offer our heartiest congratulations to "the Captain-Lieutenant" of the Gneisenau; but regret that Wednesday morn will see the last of the cruiser. She sails then for Colombo and Calcutta.

The Ships Boat Race produced 6 entries, four from the Gneisenau, one from the Arcadia and and one from R. I. M. S. Northbrook whose boat was unfortunately prevented from starting through the absence of her entire crew at medical inspection prior to leaving for Singapore.

A good start was made at 3-10 p.m. and North Karanja Buoy slipped into view, inspite of an ebb tide. Our old friend, "the launch" led the way after running for some ten minutes "shroud to shroud" with the cutter and pinnace. The Arcadia's boat found the wind and tide to be very serious obstacles to fast sailing and lost a lot of ground.

In the beat back from the buoy to Committee vessel, the Pinnace went well and maintaining her position finished in time to be placed first, after a round of the short course. The "gun getting," 2nd launch was winner of second prize.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected. H. M. S.
Launch I.....	Scr.	S. M. S. Gneisenau.....	Did not Start.	
Launch II ...	Scr.	do.	6 25 57	3 15 57
Pinnace	3 9	do.	6 6 5	2 52 56
Cutter I	12 36	do.	Gave up.	
Cutter II.....	12 36	do.	6 40 32	3 17 56
Boat r. s. Oceana.....	31 30	P. & O. Coy., Northbrook.	Gave up. Did not Start.	
Cutter	.....	R. I. M. S.		

Course: No 14 +2 from Committee Vessel—North Karanja Buoy Fort—Committee Vessel—Middle Ground Buoy—Mark Boat with R flag at No. 1 Troop ship Buoy—Committee Vessel = 6-3 miles. W. S. W. Strength Light,—1st prize won by Pinnace S. M. S. Gneisenau, and 2nd prize won by Launch.

A Class had fine entries and a somewhat complicated start was made at 3-30 with Melody and Turquoise, paint scraping at the weather end of the line and loud yells for "give me water on the mark! Can't you!" While Makshuka and Eileen crossed in a dead heat for first place at the inward end with Isca 12 seconds astern. The veteran skippres of Melody and Sapphire, the latter sailing the Turquoise, both luffed up into the slack water under the shore being followed by all the fleet.

In the reach to Tucker Eileen, as usual, slipped away with Mahshuha hard astern, Melody and Turquoise both going well.

The chief feature of this race was the actual fact of "A" class being able to finish and the splendid performance of Mahshuka.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected. H. M. S.
*Eileen IV...	Scr.	E. C. Russell & J. F. Watson.....	5 52 43	2 32 48
Makshuka ...	16 51	Officers, S M S Gneisenau...	6 0 45	2 23 54
Turquoise ..	41 21	J. W. Stokes & F. J. Preston...	6 29 6	2 27 45
Melody	22 31	J. B. K. Macbeth..	6 7 45	2 25 14
Isca.....	38 33	Edgar Faulkner..	6 38 14	2 39 41

*Disqualified Fouled Committee Vessel.

Course: No. 57. From Committee Vessel—Tucker Beacon Starboard—Mark Buoy Starboard—Ceo Vessel—North Karanja Buoy port—Committee Vessel = 11-45 miles. Wind W. S. W. Strength Light—1st prize won by Mahshuka and 2nd prize won by Melody. Time-limit—6-20 p.m.

"B" class started with the usual three, Trixie leading. In the reach to Tucker Beacon spinnakers were carried by all and adventures were rife. Trixie was full of aggressiveness, luffing Antelope like a pugnacious terrier but rather overdid it when she struck Antelope just abaft, her shrouds leaving some paint behind. Erin and Trixie then came to give and take tactics both getting luffed eventually by Antelope.

In the beat to "B" buoy Erin was leading, Antelope having gone out of her way to inspect the wounded stern of the "Othello". Trixie, however, came out top just after rounding this buoy as Erin got badly blanketted by the "Delta" and lost nearly 90 records. Erin went well in the run back to Karanja but Antelope hung on to her and in spite of a two mile beat home finished well within her time and secured 1st prize. Trixie, with a new jib, went very badly on the light wind.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected. H. M. S.
Trixie.....	Scr.	Embarking Syndicate ...	6 11 9	2 46 9
Antelope ...	7 40	Officers, Warwickshire Egt.	6 4 34	2 31 54
Erin	1 32	Hon Mr W T Morrison.	6 0 20	2 33 48

Course: No. 50. From Committee Vessel—Tucker Beacon—North Karanja Buoy—P & O 'B' Buoy—North Karanja Buoy—Committee Vessel = 9-24 miles. Wind W. S. W.—1st prize won by Antelope, Time-limit—6-20 p.m.

Tomtit Class Race proved null and void as the leading boat Clutha did not finish in the time limit.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected. H. M. S.
Coralie.....	.....	Maj N Kirby, R E		
Maud.....	.....	Officers, R E.....		
Mavourneen	.....	Newman Taylor...		
Pearl	.....	A. E. Baird and D North.	Did not finish within time limit.	
Clutha	.....	J J Welch.....		
Lapwing ...	.....	C. N. Moberley...		
Valkyrie ...	.....	R. Walker .....*		
Curlew	.....	Orr and Pilcher...		
Swallow ...	.....	W F Moore		

Course: No. 50. Same as "B" class.

GOLF RECORD AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31.

A new record was made in the qualifying round of the Amateur Golf Championship at Tollyganj yesterday, when Mr. J. D. Gatherall did two rounds in eighty and seventy-six respectively, this being five better than the previous record for the course.

RACE HORSES TO BE SOLD FOR CHARITY.

Rubber Speculator's Bequests.

Mr. William Wellington Bailey, of Plassy House, Limerick, Ireland, who recently amassed a fortune in rubber speculation who was a prominent figure on the Turf and his best known as the owner of Bachelor's Double, the winner of the Royal Hunt Cup and the City and Suburban of 1910, a director of the Highlands and Lowlands Para Rubber Company, Limited, and of the Sungei Kapar Rubber Company, Limited, who died on October 4 last, aged fifty-seven years left personal estate in the United Kingdom valued at £368,582 5s., of which the personally estate in Engr land, amounts to £350,057 17s. Estate duty at 11 pe' cent. has been paid on the property, and this duty amounted to £40,466 7s. 5d.

The testator made bequests to his mother, brother, sisters, nephews and nieces. In addition to other provision for his wife he left her any two of his racehorses as she may select. He directed that all his racehorses in training at the time of his death, except the two selected by his wife, but not his brood mares, foals and yearlings should be sold and the proceeds of such sale handed over to his wife for distribution by her for the relief of such of the charities or poor of the City or County of Limerick as she shall select.

In the polo final on Friday evening, the Hussars beat Calcutta by ten goals to two.

LORD MINTO'S RECEPTION IN LONDON.

LORD MINTO, who retired from the Governor-Generalship of India, on Nov. 23, after the customary five years' tenure, returned to England with Lady Minto and Lady Eilsen Elliot. They were accompanied on the journey home by four members of the late Viceregal staff—Col. Sir W. R. Crooke-Lawless, Lord Francis Scott, Col. A. F. Pinhey and Col. Victor Brooke; and they were met at Dover on Dec. 12, by Lieut.-Col. Sir J. R. Dunlop-Smith, who was private secretary to Lord Minto, until he was appointed political aide-de-camp to the Secretary of State for India last spring.

The party travelled to London in a reserved saloon by the ordinary boat train from Dover, which arrives at Charing Cross at twelve minutes past five in the afternoon. As the platform accommodation at Charing Cross was insufficient, the saloon carriage was detached at Orpington from the rest of the train and taken to Victoria, where it came in at a quarter to six. Admission to the reserved enclosure was by ticket.

Although rain was falling steadily throughout the afternoon, and many friends detained in the country by the Election—among them Lord Lansdowne and Lord Lamington—there was a large assembly at the station. The King was represented by Sir Arthur Bigge. Lord Roberts was early on the scene to greet his aide-de-camp of former days. Lord Crewe was present, together with his three immediate predecessors in the Secretaryship of State for India—namely, Lord Morley, Lord Midleton, and Lord George Hamilton, the last being accompanied by Lady George Hamilton.

Lord Melgund, the eldest son, was prevented by a recent riding accident from being present, but the Hon. Esmond Elliot, who is at Eton, was one of the first to welcome Lord and Lady Minto. The Hon. Arthur Elliot (brother of Lord Minto) and his son Mr. Hubert Elliot and Lord Charles Fitzmaurice and Lady Charles Fitzmaurice were also on the platform. Lord Errington was not accompanied by his wife owing to her ill-health. The original intention was that Lady Errington should travel to Dover to meet the party. Among the personal friends present were:—Lord Cromer, the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch, Lady Hampden, Lord Rebelstoke, Lord Carrington, Lord Reay, the Maharaja of Moorobanj, the Maharani of Cooch Behar and the Raj Kumar, the Duke and Duchess of Rutland, Lady Ampthill, the Hon. Hugo and Lady Evelyn Baring, Lady Antrim, Lord Herbert Scott, Lady Adelaide Taylour, Lady Bigge, Lord and Lady Kenmare, Lady Mary Ohrichton (who was carried to the platform in a chair, as she had not fully recovered from a hunting accident), Lord Falmouth, Lady Crichton, Lady Maud Warrender, and Lady Louise Loder.

Among members of the staff of the India Office present were:—Sir Richmond Ritchie (Permanent Under Secretary), Mr. Montagu, M.P. (Parliamentary Under Secretary), Sir Felix Schuster (Vice-President of the Council), Sir William Lee-Warner, Col. Sir David Barr, Sir Hugh Barnes (with whom was Lady Barnes), General Sir Charles Egerton, Sir James La Touche, Sir Steyning Edgerley, Sir James Thomson, Mr. K. G. Gupta (member of Council), Lieut.-Gen. Sir Beauchamp Duff, Sir H. H. Risley, Sir Thomas Holderness, Mr. Lionel Abrahams, Mr. F. A. Hirtzel, Mr. W. Foster, Mr. Walter Badock, Major F. E. Scott, Surg.-Gen. Branfoot, Sir Havelock Charles, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Butler, Mr. F. H. Lucas (private secretary to Lord Crewe), Mr. H. Peel, and Mr. F. C. Thomson.

The general company included:—Sir Francis Maclean (late Chief Justice of Bengal), Sir Horace Rumbold, Sir George Birdwood, Sir Charles Lyall, General and Mrs. Drummond, the Dewan Sahib of Bhavanagar (Mr. Paitani), Sir Patrick and Lady Playfair, Sir A. T. Arundel, Mr. J. O. Miller (late member of the Government of India) and Mrs. Miller, Sir H. Erle Richards, Sir Charles Rivaz, Sir Richard and Lady Paget, Mr. Ian Malcolm, M. P., and Mrs. Malcolm, Major-Gen. and Mrs. Codrington, Col. Sir W. S. Bisset, Major-Gen. Sir C. Scott, General Sir A. Gaselee, Sir M. M. Bhownaggree, Miss Smith and the Misses Smith, the Hon. A Strutt, Major Fielding, Mrs. A. F. Pinhey, Capt. Gibbs, Miss Farquhar, Mr. Lovat Fraser, Major Marker, Mr. Percy Armytage, Mr P. Bramley, Mrs. Carlyle, Mr. C. A. Latif, Mr. S. Digby, Capt. Harry Graham, Mrs. Skeffington-Smyth, Mr. P. C. Sen, Col. Mrs., and Miss Muir, the Rev. Armstrong Black (St. Leonards), Mr. P. Ridout, Mrs. Stephen Simeon, Col. W. H. Lowry, Dr. A. M. Stein, Mr. J. Thyme, Mr. F. E. Cockshott, Mr. W. Macpherson, Major W.F. Lascelles, Major A. C. Morrison-Bell, Mr. W. Coldstream, Mr. T. H. Biddulph, and Mr. and Mrs. Kasim Hossin.

Lord and Lady Minto were welcomed with great cordiality on alighting from the train and about fifteen minutes were spent in exchanging greetings with friends. On leaving the station Lord and Lady Minto and Lady Elliot drove to Lord Errington's house in Tite Street, Chelsea, to see Lady Errington with whom they spent half an hour before going to their town house in Audley Square.

STATEMENT BY LORD MINTO.

Lord Minto stated that both he and Lady Minto had returned from their five years in India in excellent health and that throughout that time Lady Minto has been free from any serious indisposition. They had been very much impressed and cheered by the extraordinary cordiality of all classes of the people in India. The expressions of regard, gratitude, and affection they had received on all hands when they were leaving had greatly touched them, and would remain in their memories.

On the general situation in India, at present, Lord Minto did not feel that he could usefully add to the pronouncements he had made in farewell and other public speeches. He did not consider that any political significance attached to the Calcutta riots. Outbreaks of the kind between Hindoos and Mahomedans on the occasion of great religious festivals were unhappily not of rare occurrence.

Speaking of the prospective visit of the King and Queen to India, Lord Minto said that the announcement had caused a great outburst of rejoicing. He would not say that the visit would increase the loyalty of the people to the Throne, for their attachment to it was too strong and too deep to be in need of any stimulation. But the visit would be most keenly appreciated throughout India, and there was every reason to anticipate that the effect would be excellent.

Lord and Lady Minto have formed no definite plans for the immediate future. But it is understood that they will go to their home in Scotland, Minto House, next week. Preparations are being made to give them an enthusi

BY THE WAY.

MEMENTOES OF SORROW.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA has carefully preserved all the letters of condolence Her Majesty received on the death of the King, and these are now numbered among her most treasured possessions. The letters have been divided into categories, those from Royalties and intimate friends, and those from thousands of the late King's subjects not only in this country, but in all parts of the Empire, many of them being quite poor people, and from little children. The letters have been carefully bound in plain, dark red calf with a small crown on the cover. Queen Alexandra specially prizes those letters of sympathy which came from poor people, and though it was obviously impossible for Her Majesty to reply to them all, during the first few months she wrote to several of these correspondents thanking them for their kind sympathy.

BALZAC'S HOUSE.

Balzac is ever with the French people, but the reminder is one that they would willingly forget. A little public spirit would produce the desired oblivion. In the Rue Raynouard, where the novelist lived for some years, his friends have got together a little museum, something after the style of Carlyle's house in Cheyne Walk, Chelsea. It is known as "La Maison de Balzac." Admission is free, and this memorial is always in difficulties in regard to upkeep. There seem to be no public funds from which a grant can be made, and the museum is threatened with extinction. The Ministry of Fine Arts has been consulted, and all the department can do is to suggest that a performance should be given, and funds raised in this way.

SALARIES OF LEGISLATORS.

In Austria, members are paid ten guilder (about 16s. 8d.) a day during the session, and, except in the case of members for Vienna and its suburbs, are allowed travelling expenses in addition. The Belgian representatives are allowed 4,000 francs (£160) a year and free passes on the railway. Members of the Bulgarian Government receive 20 francs (16s.) a day during the session and railway expenses to and from the capital. Denmark makes an allowance of 10 kroner (11) a day to the members of its administration during the first six weeks of the session, and 6 kroner (6s. 8d.) for every additional day. In addition to this, free railway passes and travelling expenses are allowed on the occasion of the opening and closing of the Diet. Members of the French Chamber receive 9,000 francs (£360) a year, less 1 franc a month for refreshments, free passes on the State railways, and the right to a pension not exceeding 2,400 francs (£96) a year at 55, if the member has held a seat for four years.

FREE FUNERALS FOR M. P. S.

An allowance of 3,000 marks (£150) a years made to each member of the German Reichstag, and 20 marks for each day's absence. Free railway passes are granted during the session, and for eight days before or after. Greece pays its members 1,600 drachmai (about £72) for an ordinary session during which free railway passes are also allowed. M. P.s in Holland receive 2,000 florins (£166) a year, plus travelling expenses. Hungarian members receive 4,800 crowns (£200) a year salary and an allowance of 1,600 crowns (£66) a year for house-rent. Norwegian M.P.s are allowed 12 kroner (12s.) a day during the session, and in addition receive the benefits of a travelling allowance, free medical attendance, and free funeral expenses?

BERLIN'S DOG TAX.

"Berlin intends to increase the tax on dogs from 20 to 30 marks," says the "Gaulois," "on account of the fact that within a few years their number has increased from 30,000 to 42,000. It points out that Vienna, which has a much smaller population, had 65,000 dogs at the beginning of 1910. Many of these, however, are now numbered among the dead consequence of the outbreak of "Staugart glands," an infectious disease which has carried off thousands of dogs in the last few months.

CANINE PUBLIC BATHS.

Half the Vienna dogs are terriers. The fox-terrier is a particular favourite. The necessity of the dogs being frequently washed has led to the establishment in Vienna of "Dogs' Public Baths," which are to be seen in all parts of the city. One would think that dogs being so popular in Vienna, they would be everywhere tolerated, but such is not the case. "Dogs not admitted" is the rule every restaurant and cafe, while the trams and omnibuses are also forbidden ground, and in the parks and squares dogs must be led. The Empress Elizabeth was a great lover of dogs, and had a fine collection of St. Bernard and greyhounds, but the Emperor of Austria does not resemble her in that respect, and consequently, dogs are banished entirely from the Imperial gardens.

HAPPY ST. KILDA.

A letter from the minister of St. Kilda, the Rev. Mr. M'Lean, states that the first mail the islanders have received since Messrs. M'Callum's famer Hebrides made her last cruise for the season at the end of August, was brought in by a trawler on Friday, November 25. The minister states that it was a day of great rejoicing, and that if only the Hebrides were making a monthly call during the winter the islanders would not have much to complain of, but meantime they must content themselves, and are looking forward to her visit in May with her usual complement of tourists and stores. All the natives are in the best of health, and the winter has been exceptionally mild. The spinning season is in full swing now, and it is expected that the supply and variety will exceed those of former years. They are all working steadily away untroubled by the turmoil of General Elections, and happy in their own little Atlantic kingdom.

CHRISTMAS CARDS IN AMERICA.

In the United States the better class of "personal" Christmas cards—i.e., those in which the sender's name is printed or engraved—have to be ordered not later than November 20. This is due, according to a New York paper, to the fact that most of them have to be "made in England." Some stationers had the idea of importing the elaborate non-personal covers from the English side of the Atlantic, and then printing, in America, the inner leaves containing name, address, and appropriate sentiment. They discovered, however, that to print the inside leaves over here would cost them nearly as much as to import the whole thing, so they now prefer to spend entirely upon English manufacture.

THE POLITICIAN'S SORE THROAT.

The "Glasgow Herald" recalls a pointed, if disputeous, and yet not wholly undeserved interjection made at a local political meeting in 1906. A lady, whose husband had temporarily lost his voice, loyally appeared to make a speech on his behalf. She said a good deal at the outset about the state of his larynx, and then plunged into politics. Having speedily exhausted that theme, she returned to her husband's health, and described not only his disappointment at being unable to address them, but her own efforts to patch him up for the fray. She had tied hot fomentations, she had tried poultices, she had made him gargle his throat, she had steamed his throat for him, she had sprayed his throat, and made him try every kind of lozenge. Was there anything else that she could do for his throat? And a voice said "Aye, mum. Cut it."

NEW ZEALAND'S BIG ELECTRICAL SCHEME.

New Zealand has in hand a huge scheme to supply electric power for all kinds of purposes from her great lakes and rivers, power for factories and railways and also for lighting purposes. It is proposed to establish several centres, and to spend £2,000,000 and four years in money and time to accomplish the work. Under the scheme the Dominion will be devided into seven districts and each will possess a developing plant. The scheme is described as a "splendid" one.

"HOT-WATER BOTTLE" DOLLS.

One of the latest novelties in America, when the cold rigours of winter will soon be felt, are "hot-water bottle" dolls. These have been put on the market under the catchy name of "Patty Comfort." They can best be described by a quotation from an advertisement concerning them. "Patty Comfort (patented)," it runs, "feels like a live baby when filled with hot water. The body is a shaped hot-water bag of best quality rubber hidden by clothing. Patty Dear Comfort (which is illustrated) undress, has a modelled baby face, wears pink or blue cape, coat, and white cap. Post paid 2 dols." It is interesting also to learn that the "Comfort" family is obtainable in designs and sizes to suit all tastes.

'VANA' TONIC WINE

(TRADE MARK)

An ideal vitaliser for body and brain. A powerful restorative for weak nerves, depressed spirits and lack of energy. Makes mental and physical exertion a pleasure, and pleasure doubly enjoyable.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON (ENG.)

NEW YORK MONTREAL SYDNEY CAPE TOWN MILAN SHANGHAI

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"THE LONDON GAZETTE."

War Office, Dec. 13.

Regular Forces.

Cavalry.

1st Life Guards—Lieutenant R C Bingham is seconded for special extra-regimental employment July 15, Second Lieutenant J C G Leigh to be lieutenant July 19.

2nd Dragoon Guards Queen's Bay's—Second Lieutenant F A Single to be lieutenant Nov 25.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Art.—Captain W C E Twidale is seconded for service in the Army Ordnance Department November 26. The undermentioned supernumerary captains are restored to the Establishment:—E G Finlayson November 1; M Muirhead November 8. Lieutenant A C L Theobald is seconded for service as an adjutant of Territorial artillery Nov 21, Supernumerary Lieutenant W H M Acton is restored to the Establishment Dec 12, Second Lieutenant H A Turner resigns his commission Dec 14. Captain V M C Napier to be adjutant November 1.

Royal Garrison Art.—Captain C E T Rolland is seconded for service on the Staff Nov 30 Supernumerary Captain G T C Dwyer is restored to the Establishment November 21, Captain G T Brierley, DSO, to be adjutant November 1.

Infantry.

The Northumberland Fusiliers—Brevet Major T H Shoubridge, D S O, from supernumerary Captain, is restored to the Establishment Dec 1.

The King's Liverpool Regt—The promotion to the rank of captain of Lieutenant R H Haseldine from the Prince of Wales's Volunteers South Lancashire Regt is antedated to July 4, but not to carry pay or allowances prior to Sept 24. Lieut C M Yates, from the Royal Warwickshire Regt to be captain dated August 6, but not to carry pay or allowances prior to December 14.

Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own Yorkshire Regt—Second Lieutenant C A Bradford to be lieutenant Nov 23.

The Hampshire Regt—Supernumerary Lieutenant H M Bowers is restored to the Establishment Dec 3.

The Sherwood Foresters Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regt—Capt B F B Hitchcock is seconded for service on the Staff Nov 25.

The Northamptonshire Regt.—Capt R B Parker is seconded for service as an adjutant of Territorial infantry (Nov. 20). Capt G P Ommanney is seconded for service under the Colonial Office (Nov. 30).

The King's Royal Rifle Corps—Capt G Makins, M V O, is seconded for service as an adjutant of Territorial infantry. Supernumerary Capt A R Leith is restored to the Establishment (Nov 23). Second Lieut E R H Herbert, from Unattached List Territorial Force (University candidate), to be second lieutenant (dated Sept 18, 1909, and to take precedence next below B W Jackson, but not to carry pay or allowances prior to Dec 14, 1910).

The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regt.)—Supernumerary Capt L J Wyatt is restored to the Establishment (Nov 20).

The Highland Light Inf.—Lieut B H Baird is seconded for service as an adjutant of Territorial infantry (Oct. 27).

Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders)—Supernumerary Capt R J P Cox is restored to the Establishment (Nov. 14).

The Army Service Corps.

The undermentioned second lieutenants to be lieutenants under the provisions of Article 29, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909:—W T M Buller L O A Dunphy Dec 11 First Class Staff Sergt. Major F W Burdett to be quartermaster, with the honorary rank of lieutenant Dec. 14.

Army Ordnance Department.

Capt W C E Twidale, R A, to be an ordnance officer, fourth class Nov 26.

Memoranda.

Col C W Carey, M V O, Half-pay List, is placed on retired pay Dec 13 Col T A H Davies C B, D S O, Half-pay List, retires on retired pay Dec 14 Brevet Col Sir H W W Barlow, Bart, superintendent Royal Laboratory, to be colonel Nov 14 Major F A Maxwell, V C, D S O, 18th King Georges Own Lancers, Indian Army, is granted the temporary rank of lieutenant colonel while employed as military secretary to the Viceroy and Governor-General of India Nov 23 Capt G F Clayton, Half-pay List, retires on retired pay Dec 14 Second Lieut M P Beadnell, Half-pay List resigns his commission Dec 14 Qrmr and Honorary Lieut J Shannon, Princess Victoria's Royal Irish Fusiliers, is granted the honorary rank of captain Dec 12.

Special Reserve of Officers.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Unattached—Second Lieut P Williams resigns his commission Dec 14.

Infantry Battalion.

4th South Staffordshire Regt—Lieut-Col and Honorary Col B T Seckham, D S O, relinquishes his commission, and is granted permission to retain his rank and were the prescribed uniform Dec 13.

Royal Army Medical Corps.

Lieut H R Borchards, M B is confirmed in his rank.

Memorandum.

Col R H R Helpman, honorary colonel, 7th Royal Fusiliers City of London Regt and Col J H Helpman, retired, late 6th Royal Fusiliers City of London Regt. have been granted his Majesty's royal license and authority to use and bear the surname of Rudyard in addition to and before that of Helpman.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—December 16.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Lieut-Col J J Pratt, I M S, B
Capt C F Birney, R E, B
Capt F H Humpurys, I A, B
Mr H Davies, B
Mr R Baillie, B
Mr W R Partridge, B
Mr G W C Lisle, B
Mr I C Thomas, B
Mr J A O'Maley, B
Mr J M K Misick, B
Mr H E deB Prescott, Bo
Capt L P Stephen, I M S, Bo
Mr F Norman, Bo
Lieut-Col A G B Lang, I-1 G R
Major F W Hawks, S T C
Major L P More, R A M C
Major J Craik, 19 Lrs
Capt C H Reinhold, I M S
Lieut A A Heyland, 2-5 G R
Commander C F Fletcher, R I M

EXTENION OF LEAVE.

Capt L B H Haworth, I A, B, 1 week
Sir H A Stuart, K C V O, C S I, B Cov, 19 days
Mr W R Butterfield, B, 3 mo
Mr T A Hauxwell, B, 7 days on M C
Mr W H Gotton, B, 2 days on M C
Mr L M Priday, B, 6 mo M C
Mr C C Swetenham, B, 20 days
Capt F W Cragg, I M S, M, 4 mo M C
Miss C M Lynch, M, 6 days M C
Major J A Shea, D S O, 15 Lrs, 10 days
Lieut R S M Wood, 7 G R, to May 7, 1911, on M C

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Capt L B Scott, I M S, B
Mr T A Hauxwell, B
Mr T R Hill, B
Mr C A Craven Thomson, B
Miss C M Lynch, M
Capt H S L Wolley, 56 R
Capt F K Hensley, Burma Mil Police
Lieut D G Ponsonby, 34 Sikh Prs

THE LADIES' CORNER.

A SEASON OF BEAUTIFUL DRESSES.

For a great many years there have not been worn in Paris assemblies, dances and evening parties, such beautiful evening frocks as this season. Rich materials, brilliant colours and beautiful embroideries as trimmings run riot, and the eye is charmed with the view of such loveliness. Most women nowadays are slender—if not naturally, through strict regimes and careful dieting—and the modern dress is designed to show off the long lines of the slender woman. Especially is this the case with evening dresses, which are real "visions of beauty." In every epoch there have been those who cavilled at woman's apparel, finding it in all ages ridiculous and unpractical, but poets and painters have testified that lovely woman is always lovely, whether in a crinoline or the draperies of the ancient Greeks. He who can see nothing beautiful in present-day evening dress must be blind indeed to beauty. At one of the first receptions of the season given by a Parisian "grande dame," who numbers among her acquaintances and friends all that is noble and aristocratic in France, there was a splendid display of elagence, such as has rarely been seen since the days of the Second Empire, when the beautiful Empress Engenie set the example of wearing lovely clothes. Fully two-thirds of the gowns worn at this fete emanated from the hands of the fashion masters in the Rue de la Paix, and all seemed to have put their special stamp upon their creations. There was a beautiful old gold supple satin gown trimmed with the daintiest of embroideries and trimmings which could only have come from one of our oldest established "creators," and there were many others quite as easily recognised by those "in the know."

THE BLENDING OF COLOURS.

On all sides colour vied with colour for predominance and yet no one colour seemed to take first place. Perhaps this is on account of the present manner of blending tints. One colour is placed upon an underdress of another, and is trimmed with yet another or several others quite different. Thus a beautiful Empire dress of green satin was veiled in black and trimmed with bands of embroidery consisting of white porcelain beads sewn upon Persian blue tulle and black velvet bands down the long square train and at the hem, with a large bouquet of pink roses and green held in the crossed drapery of the corsage. Another was of mauve Liberty with a very wide hem of silk velvet flowing out round the feet, and forming a train at the back. Over this was veiled a pleated tunic of mousseline de soie of a shade blending the two mauves of the underdress, edged with a band of ermine with tails. The corsage was trimmed with black tulle embroidered in steel, and a narrow fringe of steel and jet was brought down in a slanting line from the shoulders to the front of the bust under a band of ermine and black velvet. A flat bow of ermine and black velvet was placed in the centre of the bust. From just below the hips a very wide band of steel embroidery was set upon the under part of the tulle tunic to form a tight drapery from below the knees. The wearer was dark and tall, and looked like a beautiful slender flower, but, like the flower, she was not intended to move from her place, for movement must have indeed been difficult in such tight draperies. Tunics are showing no signs of abating in their well deserved popularity. They take various shapes. Some simply hang down the front and at the sides, leaving a blank space at the back to show the satin underdress or to reveal a Watteau pleat of the same satin as the rest of the frock. Others open at the sides and are edged all round with bands of beaded embroidery or fur, while others yet are opened only on the right side to show a drapery of mousseline de soie or a bunch of ribbon loosely knotted.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

ASSAM COTTON.

The third forecast of the cotton crop of Eastern Bengal and Assam for 1910-1911 reads:—Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1908-1909, the area under cotton crop in Eastern Bengal and Assam represents some 0·3 per cent. of the total area under cotton in India.

Since the second forecast was issued the season has, on the whole, been favourable for cotton. There was some heavy rain in October, but from the latter part of that month, there has been practically no rain in the cotton growing tracts.

The estimate of area cropped is now 99,100 acres.

No estimates of outturn have yet been received from Hill Tippera, Sylhet or the Lushi Hills; assuming the yield per acre to be the same as last year in those districts, the total outturn of the Province is estimated at 23,600 bales, or about 35 per cent. more than last year. In the Chittagong Hill Tracts a record crop is expected, but in other districts prospects are not so good.

GREAT BRITAIN AND GERMANY.

No new Negotiations.

German and Austrian newspapers are once more reviving the rumours of negotiations, on the one hand between Great Britain and Germany on the question of armaments, and on the other hand between Russia and Germany with a view to a general agreement that might detach Russia from the Triple Entente and drew her into the Central European Alliance.

No new pourparlers have been initiated; none are, indeed, necessary, seeing that the subject of the limitation of armaments has never been dropped, and is, as Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg says, "repeatedly referred to" when a favourable opportunity presents itself.

With regard to the alleged understanding between Russia and Germany, and its possible effect on the Triple Entente both the Russian Foreign Minister and M. Iavolsky, the newly-appointed Russian Ambassador in Paris, have made precise and unmistakable declarations.

The meeting between the Czar and the German Emperor at Potsdam was of the most friendly character, and various subjects of interest to Russia and Germany were discussed sympathetically, but it is clear from the statements of the Russian Minister and the Russian Ambassador that the attitude of Russia toward the Triple Entente remain unchanged, and that nothing was done or said at Potsdam to leave Germany under the impression that there is any weakening of the understanding among Russia, France, and Great Britain.

These persistent reports in the German and Austrian newspapers may be inspired by the most friendly intentions toward the members of the Triple Entente. At the same time they are open to suspicion of a design to create distrust among Great Britain, France, and Russia. While they must fail in this purpose, they also endanger the attainment of that very understanding among all the European Powers, which the German and Australian newspapers profess to desire so earnestly.

Nervous Sufferers,

through the multiplicity of causes which deplete the body's vitality, constantly find themselves the victims of insomnia, depressed spirits, treacherous and failing memory. These, and the long train of distressing symptoms in which nervous and bodily weakness are prominent features make life a burden. SANATOGEN offers not merely a respite but a cure for the condition which produces these symptoms.

Similarly, to the millions of

Malaria Victims

whose blood is depleted by the ravages of the Malaria microbe, so that they suffer from Anæmia, progressing towards Cachexia, or are already afflicted with that terrible complaint, Sanatogen holds out the promise of cure. Its revitalising and energising power stimulates the blood-forming centres to such activity that the red blood corpuscles rapidly increase, the anæmia and the cachexia are soon cured and the patient's health is entirely restored.

Hundreds of doctors throughout India have testified to the efficacy of Sanatogen in such cases and thousands of grateful patients have borne testimony to the same effect.

Here are two typical examples:

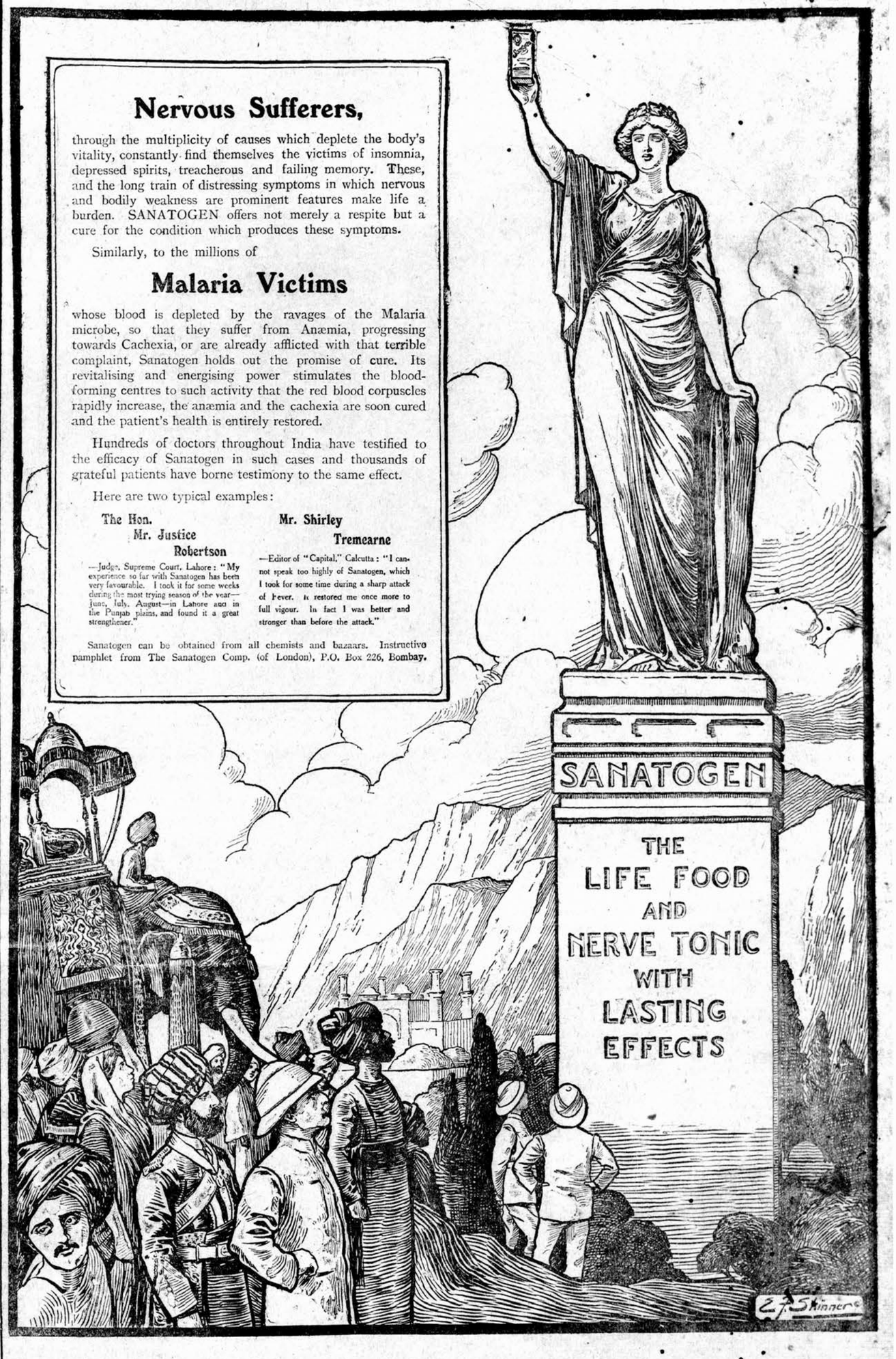
The Hon. Mr. Justice Robertson

—Judge, Supreme Court, Lahore: "My experience so far with Sanatogen has been very favourable. I took it for some weeks during the most trying season of the year—June, July, August—in Lahore and in the Punjab plains, and found it a great strengthener."

Mr. Shirley Tremearne

—Editor of "Capital," Calcutta: "I cannot speak too highly of Sanatogen, which I took for some time during a sharp attack of fever. It restored me once more to full vigour. In fact I was better and stronger than before the attack."

Sanatogen can be obtained from all chemists and bazaars. Instructive pamphlet from The Sanatogen Comp. (of London), P.O. Box 226, Bombay.



SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

A MOTOR PLOUGH.

A motor-driven plough, described and figured in the "Scientific American," represents, perhaps, the latest application of science to that fundamental agricultural problem, digging the ground. This nove instrument was constructed at St George's Machine Works, Zurich, and was exhibited at a meeting of the Swiss Agricultural Society last April. In it the principle of the plough is replaced by that of the hoe. The machine might, in fact, be termed a compound, motor-driven hoe. But the stirring of the ground, deep or shallow as required, serves the purpose of ploughing.

HOW IT WORKS.

The implement consists of several rows of hoes fixed on a revolving drum on the rear of a wagon driven by a motor. These revolving drum, actuated by the motor, is the driving power of the machine. Thus, instead of a plough dragged through the resisting soil by an engine, we have a machine which works itself forward by the very act of ploughing. Each machine is provided with a number of different sets of tools, to be used in accordance with the work required. Inground of medium, hardness the normal speed of the plough is one mile an hour, working the soil to a depth of one foot. In loose, sandy soil a speed of two miles an hour can be obtained, while on the road it travels four miles an hour.

RATE OF WORK.

It can be worked by one man, and consumes from two to three gallons of gasolin per hour. An internal combustion or an electric motor is generally used, though any form will do. As regards the work accomplished, we may quote the figures for one set of conditions. When the machine is used to hoe or plough, the ground to a depth of from eight to ten inches, it will work over from nine-twentieths to nine-tenths of an acre in an hour. It will, at the same time, accomplish the sowing or rolling by hauling the sower or roller behind it.

MOTION OF PARTICLES IN COMET'S TAILS.

Prof. Lowell publishes some interesting notes as to the velocities of the molecules in a comet's tail. Out of 200 photographs taken of Halley's comet, he selected two which suited his purpose. In these were shown four salient features, or knots, in the tail. The distances of these from the nucleus in each photograph were carefully measured. These figures compared with the difference in the times of exposure of the plates gave data for the calculation of the velocities of these portions of the tail. The figures work out to 13, 17, 19, and 29 miles per section for the four knots respectively. These represent the rates at which the molecules of matter are shot out from the nucleus to form the tail of the comet, according to current theories of its origin.

IS SELECTION CUMULATIVE?

The question whether the effects of selection, natural or artificial, are cumulative, has been much discussed, and is of considerable importance in the theory of natural selection. When variation in any direction has been selected by man, or in Nature, does it tend to proceed in that direction so that a large departure from the mean can be accumulated? In a German periodical, Messrs. Pearl and Surface give the result of certain experiments bearing on this question. These have extended over eleven years, and were undertaken with a view of determining whether there is a cumulative effect of selection in domestic poultry. Two lines of work were pursued. In the first, hens were selected for high egg production for a period of nine years. No hens were used as breeders whose production had not been 160 or more eggs in their pullet year. The cockerels used were all sons of mothers laying 200 or more eggs in their first year of production.

RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS.

The second line of research was the record of the inheritance of egg production by daughter from mother. The result of the first experiment was to show that nine years' selection for high egg production did not sensibly increase the average production of the flock or lead to any decrease in the variability of egg production. Nor do the data of the second give any evidence that there is "any sensible correlation between mother and daughter as regards egg production, neither do they indicate that fecundity is sensibly inherited. Thus it was found that daughters of 200 egg hens when kept under the same conditions did not give such a high average as those of birds whose records were under 200. Nor were they less variable in egg production. On the whole, the authors conclude that the superior egg production of present races of poultry is mainly the result of favourable environment, and not the effect of the selection of fluctuating variations through a long period of time.

A DISTINGUISHED ITALIAN PHYSIOLOGIST.

Professor Angelo Mosso, a notice of whose recent death appears in "Nature," was one of the most distinguished of modern physiologists. Born at Turin in 1846, he studied first at his native university, and afterwards became a pupil of the famous Carl Ludwig at Leipzig. One of the special subjects studied by Mosso was plethysmography, by which is meant the investigation of the changes taking place in the volume of an organ under various conditions. Modifying and improving the apparatus previously used, Mosso applied it to the study of the alterations taking place in the volume of human limbs under various conditions. And he proved the remarkable fact that intellectual work caused an alteration in the volume of a man's legs and arms.

AND HIS WORK.

Professor Mosso also devised an ingenious balance, by which it could be proved that mental work causes a flow of blood to the brain. When a person is extended on this balance, mental effort on his part causes the head to descend. He also studied the subject of fatigue by means of an instrument which he called an ergograph (Greek ergon, work). Another interesting line of work carried out by the Italian Professor was the study of life at high altitudes. For this purpose he had a special laboratory on the top of Monte Rosa 14,820 feet above sea level.

SOME INTERESTING BOOKS.

In "Descriptive Meteorology" one has a work from the accomplished pen of the Head of the United States Weather Bureau, which is sure to find a large circle of readers, both from its intrinsic merits and from the fascination that exists in the art of weather forecasting. For one supposes there is no other volume on this scale in existence in which the whole theory of the science is developed, so as to lead up to a general presentation of the principles on which the work of a great weather bureau is conducted. There can, of course, be no question as to such a book as this being thoroughly up-to-date. As far as competency is concerned the author has had the singular advantage of being trained under some of the most distinguished meteorologists of the day, and for the third of a century has had at his disposal the contents of what he proudly describes as "probably the most complete meteorological library in the world." This manual, with its eighty or more illustrations, and its fine apparatus of no less than forty-five charts, many of which we take it make their appearance for the first time within the covers of one and the same volume, will be invaluable to the serious student. The addition of carefully selected bibliographies at the end of each chapter will be very welcome to all who are within reach of a good scientific library. Considering the mass of carefully arranged and well-digested material in this handsome volume, and the plentiful supply of illustrations and charts, we do not think that the price, 12s. 6d., can be deemed excessive. The ordinary reader will soon find that most of his difficulties will be removed by a careful study of this volume. Professor Moore's style is simple and graphic, and he will lead no one astray for want of the "non-proven," or the cautious statement that "collected statistics do not confirm this assumption." This is all the more satisfactory, as there is little doubt that the science of meteorology is likely to present unsolved problems for some time to come.

"RADIOCHEMISTRY."

Mr. Cameron's "Radiochemistry," (Messrs. Dent,) is a useful manual for those who already have a certain equipment of mathematics, chemistry, and physics, and who "wish to know accurately the facts and theories of the subject at the present time." It is based on Mr. Cameron's "Science Progress" articles of a couple of years back, and forms a compact little volume of 174 pages, into which are skilfully compressed quite enough material to satisfy the requirements of the ordinary student or the instructed layman. For those who desire to go to the whole root of the matter, ample bibliographical references are provided. A lucid account of methods of work with radio-emanation will be found very useful, and many readers will find much over which to ponder in the chapters dealing respectively with recent attempts at transmutations, the chemical evidence of transformation, and recent results and speculations. Mr. Cameron fears that he may be accused of devoting too much attention to the methods of work devised in the laboratory of University College, London. One feels sure that his dread is needless. The work he has done in collaboration with a chemist of such distinction as Sir William Ramsay, together with the many researches he has himself led to a successful conclusion, are quite sufficient to justify his dwelling upon methods upon which all later study in radiochemistry are founded. The book contains reproductions of photographs of Madame Curie, Sir William Ramsay, and Professor Rutherford.

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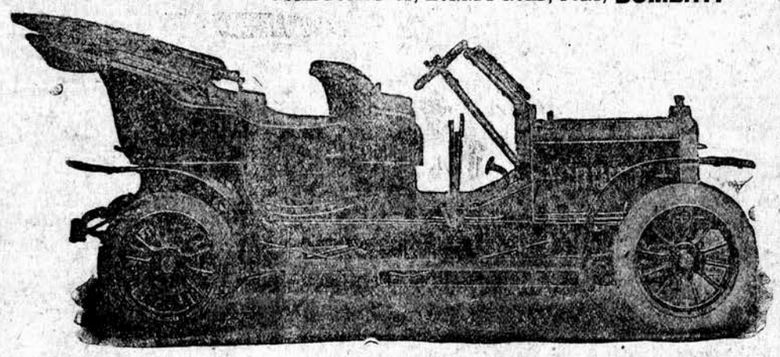

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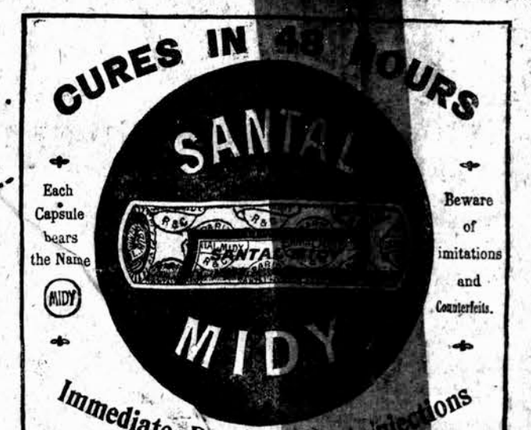

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